

EXHIBIT 1

(Part 1 of 2)

U.S. Department of Justice
United States Marshals Service
Southern District of New York



500 Pearl Street, Suite 400, New York, NY 10007

STATEMENT OF SERVICE BY MAIL AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT
OF RECEIPT BY MAIL OF SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT

A. STATEMENT OF SERVICE BY MAIL

United States District Court
for the
Southern District of New York

Civil File Number 16 Civ. 9945

April 4, 2017

Nicole Johnson-Gellineau vs.
Stiene & Associates, P.C., et al.

TO: Stiene & Associates, P.C.
167 Main Street
Northport, NY 11768

The enclosed summons and complaint are served pursuant to Rule 4(e)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and section 312-a of the New York Civil Practice Law and Rules.

To avoid being charged with the expense of service upon you, you must sign, date, and complete the acknowledgment part of this form and mail or deliver this original completed form to the U.S. Marshals Service within 30 days from the date you receive this form. A self-addressed envelope has been included for your convenience. You should keep a copy for your records or for your attorney.

If you do not complete and return the form to the U.S. Marshals Service within 30 days, you (or the party on whose behalf you are being served) may be required to pay expenses incurred in serving the summons and complaint in any other manner permitted by law, and the cost of such service as permitted by law will be entered as a judgment against you.

The return of this statement and acknowledgment does not relieve you of the necessity to answer the complaint or petition.

Under a standing order of the Court, filed December 30, 2013, if a defendant or defendant's agent returns the acknowledgment form within 30 days of receipt, the defendant will have 60 days from the date the defendant or defendant's agent mails or delivers to the U.S. Marshals Service the completed Acknowledgment of Receipt of Service by Mail to file and serve an answer or other responsive pleading. If you wish to consult with an attorney, you should do so as soon as possible before the 60 days expire.

If you are served on behalf of a corporation, unincorporated association, partnership or other entity, you must indicate under your signature your relationship to the entity. If you are served on behalf of another person and you are authorized to receive process, you must indicate under your signature your authority.

It is a crime to forge a signature or to make a false entry on this statement or on the acknowledgment.

OVER>

CIVIL ACTION FILE NUMBER: 16 Civ. 9945

Nicole Johnson-Gellineau vs. Stiene & Associates, P.C., et al.

B. ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT OF SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT OR PETITION

I received a summons and complaint. PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING;

IF 2 IS CHECKED, COMPLETE AS INDICATED:

1. I am not in military service.

2. I am in military service, and my rank, serial number and branch of service are as follows:

Rank: _____

Serial Number: _____

Branch of Service: _____

TO BE COMPLETED REGARDLESS OF MILITARY STATUS:

Date: _____
(Date this acknowledgment is executed)

I affirm the above as true under penalty of perjury

Signature

Print Name

Relationship to Entity/Authority to Receive Service
of Process (i.e., self, officer, attorney, etc.)

USMS OFFICIAL: DUSM ALLISON HONEYMAR

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

NICOLE JOHNSON-GELLINEAU,

Plaintiff,

-against-

STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C., ET AL.,

Defendants.

16-CV-9945 (UA)

ORDER GRANTING IFP APPLICATION

COLLEEN McMAHON, Chief United States District Judge:

Leave to proceed in this Court without prepayment of fees is authorized. *See* 28 U.S.C.

§ 1915.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 22, 2017
New York, New York


COLLEEN McMAHON
Chief United States District Judge

A TRUE COPY
RUBY J. KRAJICK, CLERK

BY 
Deputy Clerk

O 440 (Rev. 02/09) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the
Southern District of New York

Nicole Johnson-Gellineau
Plaintiff

Civil Action No.: 16-CV-9945
JUDGE KARAS (KMK)

v
**Stiene & Associates, P.C., Christopher Virga, Esq.,
Ronni Ginsberg, Esq., JPMorgan Chase Bank National Association,
Wells Fargo Bank**
Defendant

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: (Defendant's name and address)

See attachment for service addresses.

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff(s) attorney, whose name and address are:

**PRO SE NICOLE JOHNSON-GELLINEAU
149 WILKES STREET
BEACON, NY 12508**

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

**RUBY J KRAJICK
CLERK OF COURT**

Date: March 31st, 2017


Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. _____

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

This summons for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
was received by me on *(date)* _____

I personally served the summons on the individual at *(place)* _____
on *(date)* _____; or

I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with *(name)* _____
_____, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there,
on *(date)* _____, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or

I served the summons on *(name of individual)* _____, who is
designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of *(name of organization)* _____
on *(date)* _____; or

I returned the summons unexecuted because _____; or

Other *(specify)*: _____

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ 0.00 _____.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____ *Server's signature*

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

DEFENDANTS AND SERVICE ADDRESSES

Stiene & Associates, P.C.
167 Main Street
Northport, NY 11768

Christopher Virga, Esq.
Berkman, Henock, Peterson, Peddy, and Fenichel
100 Garden City Plaza
Garden City, NY 11530-3203

Ronni Ginsberg, Esq.
Michael B. Schulman Associates, P.C.
225 Broadhollow Road
Suite 205E
Melville, NY 11747-4898

Wells Fargo Bank, NA
101 N. Phillips Avenue
Sioux Falls, SD 57104

JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA
270 Park Avenue
38th Floor
New York, NY 10017

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

NICOLE JOHNSON-GELLINEAU)

Plaintiff,)

vs.)

STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.;)

CHRISTOPHER VIRGA, ESQ.;)

RONNI GINSBERG, ESQ.;)

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION;)

WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION, AS TRUSTEE FOR
CARRINGTON MORTGAGE LOAN
TRUST, SERIES 2007-FRE1,
ASSET-BACKED PASS-THROUGH
CERTIFICATES;)

Defendants,)

Civil Action No. _____

16CV 9945

VERIFIED COMPLAINT

**ENFORCEMENT ACTION
CLAIM FOR DAMAGES**

JURY DEMANDED

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This is an action brought by an unrepresented, individual consumer pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d) *to enforce liability* of the Defendants for their violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (“FDCPA”), 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692 et seq. as amended; Congress granted Plaintiff this private right of action in a primary enforcement role—as private attorney general—to strictly enforce the provisions of the FDCPA according to its terms, and to enforce payment of her actual damages assessed under 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(1). See S. Rep. No. 95-382 p.5; Jacobson v. Healthcare Fin. Servs., Inc., 516 F.3d 85, 91 (2d Cir. 2008) (“The FDCPA enlists the

efforts of sophisticated consumers . . . as ‘private attorneys general’ to aid their less sophisticated counterparts, who are unlikely themselves to bring suit under the Act, but who are assumed by the Act to benefit from the deterrent effect of civil actions brought by others.”).

2. Consumer-Plaintiff has standing under Article III of the Constitution of the United States, and does hereby invoke jurisdiction of the federal judicial district thereunder.

3. This Court has subject-matter jurisdiction over this action because it presents a federal question, 28 U.S.C. § 1331, and is brought by a consumer pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k which grants the United States District Courts jurisdiction to hear this action without regard to the amount in controversy.

4. Venue lies properly in this federal judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 112(b), 1391(b)(2), as Defendants conduct business within this district and the violative events took place in this federal judicial district.

THE PARTIES

5. Plaintiff, **NICOLE JOHNSON-GELLINEAU**, is a natural person having her place of abode located at 149 Wilkes Street, Beacon, New York 12508, and is at all times relevant to this action a “consumer” as that term is defined within 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692a(3) and the “creditor” defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(4).

6. Defendant **STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.** (“Stiene firm”), according to the New York State Department of State Division of Corporations website, is a domestic professional corporation whose chief executive officer and principal executive office is located at 187 E Main Street, Huntington, NY 11743, and the current agent for service of process is the Department of State which will mail process if accepted on behalf of the entity to: **STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C., 167 MAIN STREET, NORTHPORT, NEW YORK 11768.**

7. Defendant **CHRISTOPHER VIRGA, ESQ.** ("Mr. Virga"), according to Exhibit A signed by him, and his profile on zoominfo.com last updated on 11/12/2015, is at all times relevant an associate attorney at Stiene & Associates, P.C. and is the supervising associate attorney of the Firm's Judgments Department, handling all aspects of entering a final judgment of foreclosure and sale, including motion practice and Referee's hearings. According to the New York State Unified Court System website, Mr. Virga's present employment/work address is: Berkman, Henock, Peterson, Peddy, and Fenchel, 100 Garden City Plaza, Garden City, NY 11530-3203.

8. Defendant **RONNI GINSBERG, ESQ.** aka Ronni J. Ginsberg, ("Ms. Ginsberg"), according to newsday.com as updated on September 27, 2016, "has been hired as a senior associate at Michael B. Schulman & Associates in Melville. She was an associate at Stiene & Associates in Huntington." Therefore, based on the Affirmation of Regularity of Ronni Ginsberg, Esq. in support of her motion for judgment of foreclosure and sale, **Exhibit B, ¶ 1**, Defendant Ms. Ginsberg at all times relevant is an Associate of the Defendant firm of **STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.**, attorneys for Wells Fargo, trustee. According to the New York State Unified Court System website, Ms. Ginsberg's present employment/work address is Michael B. Schulman & Associates, P.C., 225 Broadhollow Road, Suite 205E, Melville, NY 11747-4898.

9. Defendant **WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, AS TRUSTEE FOR CARRINGTON MORTGAGE LOAN TRUST, SERIES 2007-FRE1, ASSET-BACKED PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES** ("Wells Fargo") is a national banking association, and its articles of association designate Sioux Fall, South Dakota as the location of its main office, having its principal place of business at 101 N. Phillips Avenue, Sioux Falls, SD 57104 according to the FDIC website.

10. Defendant JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

(“Chase”) is a national bank with its principal place of business located at 270 Park Avenue, 38th Floor, New York, NY 10017. According to the Affidavit of Gary Brunton, Vice President, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., at ¶ 1, Chase is the loan servicer for Wells Fargo communicating said Affidavit in connection with collection of the debt which is part of the subject matter of this action.

11. In summary, Defendants Stiene firm, Mr. Virga, and Ms. Ginsberg are the “Stiene Defendants” and Defendant Chase is a non-bank servicer, each one attempting to collect the debt for Defendant Wells Fargo, trustee.

12. Defendants Chase and Wells Fargo are unrelated to the Stiene Defendants and each other by common ownership, and unaffiliated with the Stiene Defendants and each other by corporate control.

FACTUAL CLAIMS

13. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing paragraphs as though the same were set forth at length herein.

14. On December 18, 2006, the Plaintiff had entered into a proposed consumer transaction (the “transaction”) seeking to borrow \$262,880.00 on her place of abode and intended and used primarily for personal, family, and household purposes; the debt (“debt”), defined within 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5), arises from this transaction; Plaintiff’s own credit was extended in the transaction to create the debt and Plaintiff *merely assumed the position of “borrower.”* None of the Defendants offered or extended credit to Plaintiff creating a debt.

15. Congress requires a creditor at the threshold of consumer debt collection activity. The Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (“FDCPA”), provides in relevant part:

§ 1692g. Validation of debts [Section 809 of Pub. Law]

(a) Notice of debt; contents—Within five days after the initial communication with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt, a debt collector shall, unless the following information is contained in the initial communication or the consumer has paid the debt, send the consumer a written notice containing—

(2) the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed;

15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a)(2) (emphasis added).

16. The clear and unambiguous language of § 1692g(a)(2) requires “the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed” be provided by each debt collector to the consumer subsequent to the initial communication unless contained in the initial communication. Congress defines “creditor” in the FDCPA itself:

The term “creditor” means any person who offers or extends credit creating a debt or to whom a debt is owed, but such term does not include any person to the extent that he receives an assignment or transfer of a debt in default solely for the purpose of facilitating collection of such debt for another.

15 U.S.C. § 1692a(4) (emphasis added).

17. The Act excludes Wells Fargo and each of the Defendants from the definition of “creditor” because they are persons that received an assignment or transfer of the debt in default solely for the purpose of facilitating collection of such debt for another, or stand in the shoes of such person; with respect to the debt, they are debt collectors without a creditor.

18. 15 U.S.C. § 1692e broadly provides in relevant part:

§ 807. False or misleading representations

A debt collector may not use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt.

19. Plaintiff brings this action against Defendants as to their direct and vicarious liability for their communications within the past year with Plaintiff and third parties in connection with an attempt to collect a consumer debt. The least sophisticated consumer would have known, after reading the entirety of those communications from each Defendant and

considering them together, that each Defendant sought to collect a debt on behalf of Wells Fargo, trustee, and believe that Wells Fargo was, therefore, the current creditor to whom she owed her debt. The problem for the Defendants is that Wells Fargo is not the creditor and there is no person named in the communications that qualifies under 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692g(a)(2) and 1692a(4) to be named as “the creditor to whom the debt is owed” in order to validate the debt. To this day, none of the Defendants’ communications to Plaintiff and third parties have ever contained that most basic, material element required of a debt collector to show that the debt is valid.

20. Courts have held that a violation of § 1692g(a) is automatically a violation of § 1692e because it is a use of materially false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt. In communications with Plaintiff and others, each Defendant held out none other than Wells Fargo as the person to whom the debt is owed. However, Congress specifically requires Wells Fargo be “the creditor” in order for Defendants to even send Plaintiff an initial communication in compliance with 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a). The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (“CFPB”) has formally said that a consumer has the right to receive that notice, and its Director, Richard Cordray, has said,

Collectors must do much more than they have done in the past to ensure they are following the law to its fullest measure. Consumers have the right to expect that they will be told the truth and treated fairly. Indeed, every consumer deserves that. So we will continue to take action to protect consumers from illegal and obnoxious debt collection practices.

(Prepared Remarks of CFPB Director Richard Cordray, September 9, 2015.)

Stiene Defendants’ communications to Plaintiff and New York court

21. On or about December 30, 2015, Plaintiff received via regular U.S. Mail a packet titled Notice of Hearing & Referee’s Oath and Report (“Notice of Hearing”) with a cover sheet,

dated December 24, 2015, from Stiene Defendants in connection with "foreclosure"¹ of Plaintiff's place of abode located at 149 Wilkes Street, Beacon, New York 12508. A copy of the Notice of Hearing, which includes an entire schedule of costs and fees, is attached as Exhibit A. The Notice of Hearing, signed by Mr. Virga, on behalf of Stiene & Associates, P.C., indicates that Stiene Defendants are attorneys for Wells Fargo Bank National Association, as Trustee for Carrington Mortgage Loan Trust, Series 2007-FRE1, Asset-Backed Pass-Through Certificates ("Wells Fargo") as the plaintiff in a foreclosure action. Wells Fargo seeks to recover sums of money that are allegedly due and owing, the alleged debt arising from the transaction. See Exhibit A, Brunton Affidavit, ¶ 7.

22. Mailing the Notice of Hearing was a step in the process of obtaining a money judgment and liquidation of Plaintiff's place of abode, and part of a strategy to make collection of a debt by way of foreclosure and sale more likely.

23. At the time Plaintiff received the Notice of Hearing, Plaintiff was an unrepresented consumer in the foreclosure action and remains so.

¹ Plaintiff uses the term "foreclosure" but does not stipulate that the New York foreclosure action is foreclosure in fact because the Supreme Court of the State of New York, Dutchess County, is not "a judicial district or similar legal entity in which such real property is located" under § 1692i that requires a plaintiff be the creditor of the consumer defendant. Also Plaintiff's place of abode is not commercial real property located in Dutchess County but is property primarily acquired by her and used for her personal, family, or household purposes. New York law does not distinguish foreclosure against a consumer's personal property or require a current creditor of the consumer be involved. Plaintiff only conducts her communications, transactions, and has consumer goods for personal, family and household purposes. Plaintiff does not consent to her status being anything but that protected as a natural person/consumer pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1692 et seq. as amended and Title 15 U.S.C. Defendants and the New York court incorrectly identify Plaintiff as being a person in commerce as a borrower, debtor, resident, a citizen of a county of , a STATE of , with intrastate real property and/or real estate within those entities. In doing so they have sought to strip Plaintiff of her interstate identity without her consent and authority and against her will and all her federally protected consumer rights and protections. Plaintiff has required that all debt collectors engaged in collecting this alleged debt obtain verification from the original creditor and provide Plaintiff the name of the current creditor to whom the debt is owed. To date this has not been done pursuant to law. Due to these debt collectors' violative conduct all proceedings and communications pursuant to law should have CEASED. Yet, these collectors continue to collect on an alleged, unverified debt. The sharing of Plaintiff's private information with all debt collectors and third-parties is without her consent and is unauthorized!

24. The foreclosure had formerly been prosecuted by the law office of Stagg, Terenzi, Confusione & Wabnik, LLP ("Stagg"). On August 24, 2015, Plaintiff served a "Consumer Notice of Dispute of Debt 15 U.S.C. § 1692g" and subsequently Stagg filed a Consent to Change Attorneys to Defendant Stiene law firm.

25. The Stiene Defendants are "subsequent" debt collectors to Stagg with respect to the debt.

26. On January 12, 2016, within thirty days of receiving the Notice of Hearing, Plaintiff mailed Defendants Stiene firm, Mr. Virga, and Chase, via Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested, a Consumer Notice of Dispute, attached as **Exhibit B**, disputing the entire debt, and requiring Defendants to cease and desist from collection efforts and communications under § 1692c(c) unless certain information is provided to Plaintiff, including among other things "the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed." See Exhibit B.

27. Thereafter, Chase responded to Plaintiff's January 12, 2016 Notice of Dispute with two non-responsive letters that use terms "investor," "owner," but not "creditor," attached as **Exhibit G**. The Stiene Defendants did not respond. Defendants did not validate or provide the information to which the Consumer-Plaintiff was entitled, including the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed. Defendants failed to either cease debt collection activities or validate the debt with the most basic, material information initially required under § 1692g(a)(2). Instead, the Stiene Defendants subsequently applied for and obtained a Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale which Plaintiff has resisted;

28. On March 17, 2016, Defendant Ms. Ginsberg mailed a communication, attached as **Exhibit C**, entitled a Notice of Motion, together with an Affirmation of Regularity in Support of Motion, to Plaintiff and the New York court requesting Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

29. The Judgment, dated April 18, 2016, for the sum of \$430,431.62 plus costs and fees, states that the judgment was granted to Wells Fargo upon the mentioned affirmation of Ms. Ginsberg, signed by her and dated March 17, 2016. See **Exhibit D**, Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale. Plaintiff has timely appealed to the Appellate Division. The Judgment is a manifestation of consumer debt covered by the FDCPA. See § 1692a(5), which provides (emphasis added):

§ 803. Definitions

As used in this title—

(5) The term “debt” means any obligation or alleged obligation of a consumer to pay money arising out of a transaction in which the money, property, insurance or services which are the subject of the transaction are primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, **whether or not such obligation has been reduced to judgment.**

30. Defendant's Notice of Hearing and motions to the New York court and Referee are communications in connection with the collection of a debt, as defined within 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(2). Their actions in seeking to recover sums of money by judgment of foreclosure constituted a step in collecting debt and thus debt collection activity that is regulated by the FDCPA.

31. Without a creditor, the Stiene Defendants cannot avoid the FDCPA's broad consumer protections for Plaintiff and strict liability for all the debt collector Defendants by communicating, as they did, in the form of misleading formal pleadings as a deceptive means to circumvent the requirements of § 1692g(a)(2). The communications from the Stiene Defendants are not exempted under 1692c and 1692e from coverage by the FDCPA.

Chase's violative communications with Plaintiff and others

32. Chase, as servicer for Wells Fargo, has been mailing monthly statements to Plaintiff within the past year showing a default date of 9/1/2009 attempted to collect the debt and threatening foreclosure. See e.g., monthly statements **Exhibits E and F.**

33. Chase directed collection efforts of the Stiene Defendants and communicated the affidavit to the New York court through the Stiene Defendants on December 24, 2015. Chase did not have Plaintiff's prior consent given directly to Chase or any other Defendant, or the express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction to communicate about the Plaintiff's debt, nor was it reasonably necessary to effectuate a postjudgment remedy *without a creditor*. The recipient New York court was not "a consumer, his attorney, a consumer reporting agency if otherwise permitted by law, the creditor, the attorney of the creditor, or the attorney of the debt collector." 15 U.S.C. § 1692c(b).

Defendants are standing in the shoes of Wells Fargo, a debt collector.

34. At all times mentioned herein, each of the Defendants is a "debt collector" as that term is defined within 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6) and *not* a "creditor" as defined within 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(4). No verification or evidence exists to validate that Defendants are acting for a creditor as defined in the Act. The FDCPA's definition of debt collector does not include any requirement that a debt collector be engaged in an activity by which it makes a demand for payment or even as part of an action designed to induce the debtor to pay. To be actionable under the FDCPA, a debt collector needs only to have used a prohibited practice "in connection with the collection of any debt" or in an "attempt to collect any debt."

35. **Default.** Plaintiff has made payments toward the transaction no later than October 2009 and, according to her knowledge and belief no payments have been made toward the transaction on her behalf and for her benefit as a consumer since the end of 2009. Significantly, Defendants represent that Plaintiff "failed to make the payment that was due for 9/1/2009 under the Loan Documents and has failed to make subsequent payments to bring the loan current, and the entire loan balance is now due and owing to [Wells Fargo, as trustee]." See Exhibit A, Affidavit of Gary Brunton dated 12-8-2015 at ¶ 6. And a notice of default, dated

10/30/2009, was alleged to have been sent on behalf of Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc., as nominee for Fremont Investment & Loan, to Plaintiff at her home. Id, at ¶ 8.

36. Wells Fargo, as trustee, subsequent to said notice of default, received transfer of the debt on February 22, 2010 as evidenced by Assignment of Mortgage, and that Chase then became servicer for Wells Fargo, as trustee. See Exhibit A at "Schedule B" and Affidavit of Gary Brunton at ¶ 1.

37. Each of the Defendants is a person who uses the mails in a business the principal purpose of which is to obtain payment or liquidation of debts, either by personal solicitation or legal proceedings, and principally or regularly collects or attempts to collect, directly or indirectly, debts owed or due, or asserted to be owed or due another.

38. Each of the Defendants' business is principally attempting to obtain payment on an alleged debt using instruments and instrumentalities of interstate commerce which used and resulted from Plaintiff's credit application using her federal Social Security Account Number. Thus each of the Defendants additionally uses instruments and instrumentalities of interstate commerce evidencing obligations of the United States of America in its business the principal purpose of which is to obtain payment or liquidation of debts, either by personal solicitation or legal proceedings, and principally or regularly collects or attempts to collect, directly or indirectly, debts owed or due, or asserted to be owed or due another.

39. Defendant Stiene firm, according to the New York State Unified Court System website, litigated the following number of civil actions in connection with the collection of any debt: 159 in 2007; 243 in 2008; 532 in 2009; 187 in 2010; 246 in 2011; 471 in 2012; 1,206 in 2013; 547 in 2014; 628 in 2015; and 77 in 2016.

40. Defendant Stiene firm issued numerous communications in the above actions, and had personnel specifically assigned to work on debt collection activity.

41. Each of the Defendants is collecting the debt for another person, namely the certificate holders in the case of Wells Fargo, as trustee, and Wells Fargo for the other Defendants, each of which aforementioned Defendants acquired assignment or transfer of the debt in default and treated the debt as if it were in default at the time of assignment or transfer.

42. Wells Fargo is a “debt collector” as that term is defined within 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6) and not a “creditor” as defined within 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(4). Wells Fargo is a person who principally or regularly engages in the purchase and collection of defaulted debts. By its name, Wells Fargo National Trust Company, as Trustee for Carrington Mortgage Loan Trust, Series 2007-FRE1, Asset-Backed Pass-Through Certificates is a special purpose vehicle which accepted alleged assignment of the *debt* in default for the sole purpose of facilitating collection for certificate holders, not as a bona fide trustee holding money or property for certificate holders. Wells Fargo “receive[ed] an assignment or transfer of a debt in default solely for the purpose of facilitating collection of such debt for another.” See exception to definition of “creditor,” 15 U.S.C. §1692a(4). See Kinel v. Sherman Acquisition II, L.P., No. 05 Civ. 3456, 2006 WL 5157678, at *6-7 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 28, 2006) (noting that “[c]ourts have expressly held that purchasers of defaulted debt are covered by the FDCPA, without regard to their level of collection activity.”)

43. Wells Fargo cannot be excluded from the definition of debt collector including those engaged in debt collection that “is incidental to a bona fide fiduciary obligation or a bona fide escrow arrangement.” 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6)(F)(i). Wells Fargo’s acceptance of a defaulted

debt—for the sole purpose of collection for another—is central to its business, not merely incidental to a bona fide fiduciary duty managing *money or property* for another.

44. Plaintiff did not enter into and does not have an escrow arrangement with Wells Fargo. Wells Fargo does not have a special relationship resulting from purported debt obtained in default; there is no resulting bona fide fiduciary duty involved; there is no resulting lien, perfected or unperfected.

45. Wells Fargo retained the Stiene Defendants to represent it in the foreclosure. With respect to the debt, each of the Stiene Defendants stands in the shoes of a debt collector; they are attorneys acting on behalf of Wells Fargo, a client debt collector; there is no person or entity involved that is or qualifies as “the creditor to whom the debt is owed” under the FDCPA, and *Defendants cannot be categorized as neither. See Lisa Bridge; William W. Bridge, III v. Ocwen Federal Bank, FSB; Ocwen Financial Corporation; Ocwen Loan*, No. 09-4220 (6th Cir. 04/30/2012) (emphasis added):

We note, as other circuits have, that “as to a specific debt, one cannot be both a ‘creditor’ and a ‘debt collector,’ as defined in the FDCPA, because those terms are mutually exclusive.” *FTC v. Check Investors, Inc.*, 502 F.3d 159, 173 (3d Cir. 2007) (citing *Schlosser v. Fairbanks Capital Corp.*, 323 F.3d 534, 536 (7th Cir. 2003)); cf. *Montgomery v. Huntington Bank*, 346 F.3d 693, 698 (6th Cir. 2003) (holding the definition of debt collector “does not include the consumer’s creditors”). If an entity which acquires a debt and seeks to collect it cannot be both a creditor and a debt collector, can it be neither? We answer no. To allow such an entity to define itself out of either category would mean that the intended protection of the FDCPA is unavailable. Both the statutory language and legislative history of the FDCPA establish that such an entity is either a creditor or a debt collector and its collection activities are covered under the FDCPA accordingly.

The distinction between a creditor and a debt collector lies precisely in the language of § 1692a(6)(F)(iii). For an entity that did not originate the debt in question but acquired it and attempts to collect on it, that entity is either a creditor or a debt collector depending on the default status of the debt at the time it was acquired.*fn4 The same is true of a loan servicer, which *can either stand in the shoes of a creditor or become a debt collector*, depending on whether the debt was assigned for servicing before the default or alleged default occurred.

Wadlington v. Credit Acceptance Corp., 76 F.3d 103, 106-8 (6th Cir. 1996); see also Perry v. Stewart Title Co., 756 F.2d 1197, 1208 (5th Cir. 1985). This interpretation of the Act is supported by Congress's intent in passing it.

46. **Attorney Abuse.**

The Fair Debt Collection Practices Act prohibits the use of abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices by persons engaged in the business of collecting debts owned by consumers to third parties. As enacted on September 20, 1977 (Public Law 95-109), the Act exempted 'any attorney collecting a debt as an attorney on behalf of and in the name of a client' from its provisions. Since passage of the Act, attorneys have increasingly entered the debt collection business and used the exemption to evade compliance with the Act. . . . The range of harm that befalls consumers as a result of the attorney exemption was outlined by a series of rhetorical questions posed by Mr. Walter R. Kurth, President of Associated Credit Bureaus while testifying before the Subcommittee: . . .

Is it good public policy not to require attorney collectors to provide an initial validation of debt notice?

Is it good public policy not to require lawyers attempting to collect debts to revalidate the debt and mail certification to the consumer while a non-lawyer collector must do so?

P.L. 99-361, House Report No. 99-405, Nov. 26, 1985. The 1986 amendment removed the exemption from the FDCPA and brought attorney collectors under the provisions of the Act, but the Stiene Defendants still evade compliance with the Act.

47. In Janetos v. Fulton Friedman & Gillace, LLP, 15-1859 (7th Cir. 2016), Plaintiffs brought suit alleging that defendant had violated §§ 1692e, 1692e(10), and 1692g(a)(2) of the Act by failing to disclose the current creditor's name:

Portions of § 1692e are drafted in broad terms, prohibiting the use of "any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt." For such claims, we must assess allegedly false or misleading statements to determine whether they could have any practical impact on a consumer's rights or decision-making process—that is, whether they represent the kind of conduct the Act was intended to eliminate.

For § 1692g(a)(2), however, that decision has been made for us. In enacting § 1692g(a)(2), Congress determined that a debt collector must include in its § 1692g(a) notice "the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed." With that specific disclosure requirement, Congress decided that the failure to make the disclosure is a failure the Act is meant to penalize. The undisputed facts show

such a failure here. Since § 1692g(a)(2) clearly requires the disclosure, we decline to offer debt collectors a free pass to violate that provision on the theory that the disclosure Congress required is not important enough.

48. Wells Fargo used Chase and the Stiene Defendants in order to shield itself from liability under the FDCPA. Wells Fargo exercised control or had the right to exercise control over the collection activities of Chase, and Wells Fargo and Chase each exercised control or had the right to exercise control over the collection activities of the Stiene Defendants.

49. Wells Fargo, in placing Plaintiff's debt with Chase and the Stiene Defendants, and caused the Stiene Defendants to send communications to both the Plaintiff and the New York court, and caused Chase to send its monthly statements to Plaintiff, falsely communicating (or alternatively, failing to communicate) *the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed* relating to Plaintiff's debt, all in violation of the FDCPA, specifically §§ 1692c and 1692e.

50. An entity that is itself a "debt collector"—and hence subject to the FDCPA—should bear the burden of monitoring the activities of those it enlists to collect debts on its behalf. In light of the principal-agent relationship between debt collector Wells Fargo and the other Defendants, and between Chase and the Stiene Defendants, Wells Fargo and Chase may be held vicariously liable for FDCPA violations arising out of the Stiene Defendants' communications to Plaintiff and the New York court on Wells Fargo's behalf, and amongst each other, whether or not Wells Fargo or Chase exercised direct control over them.

51. Each of the Defendants was without the prior consent of the consumer given directly to them, and without the express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction, and *without a creditor* it was not reasonably necessary to effectuate a postjudgment judicial *remedy*, to communicate, in connection with the collection of any debt, with any person other than a

consumer, her attorney, a consumer reporting agency if otherwise permitted by law, the creditor, the attorney of the creditor, or the attorney of the debt collector.

52. The weight of authority is that mortgage foreclosure is debt collection under the FDCPA. This is entitled to Chevron² deference:

[T]he weight of authority [is] that foreclosure itself constitutes debt collection. See, e.g., Kaymark, 783 F.3d at 179, Glazer, 704 F.3d at 461. Whether the mortgage note holder can pursue further relief against the consumer for deficiencies after foreclosure does not alter the fact that the foreclosure process itself involves the collection of a debt under the FDCPA. See Piper, 396 F.3d at 236 (“if a collector were able to avoid liability under the FDCPA simply by choosing to proceed in rem rather than in personam, it would undermine the purpose of the FDCPA.”) (quoting *Piper v. Portnoff Law Associates*, 274 F. Supp. 2d 681, 687 (E.D. Pa. 2003)).

See also *Romea v. Heiberger & Associates*, 163 F.3d 111, 116 (2d Cir. 1998) (discussing that notice required under New York’s in rem eviction procedure involved debt collection under the FDCPA). As Romea makes clear, “the fact that [a] letter also served as a prerequisite to commencement of the [eviction] process is wholly irrelevant to the requirements and applicability of the FDCPA.” Id.; see also *Piper v. Portnoff Law Associates, Ltd.*, 396 F.3d 227, 234 (3d Cir. 2005) (rejecting argument that debt collector’s conduct “cannot be found to be covered by the FDCPA because all it ever tried to do was enforce a lien in the manner dictated by [state law]”).

The Fifth Circuit has held that “the entire FDCPA can apply to a party whose principal business is enforcing security interests but who nevertheless fits § 1692a(6)’s general definition of a debt collector.” *Kaltenbach v. Richards*, 464 F.3d 524, 528 (5th Cir. 2006).

Brief of Amicus Curiae Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, *Ho v. ReconTrust*, No. 10-56884, Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals.

53. It is also the CFPB’s position that, “As to a specific debt, one cannot be both a ‘creditor’ and a ‘debt collector,’ as defined in the FDCPA.” Id. citing *Bridge v. Ocwen*, 6th Cir.

54. The New York foreclosure proceedings have no preclusive effect on Plaintiff’s federal claim herein—which has never been adjudicated in any court—and which is an independent cause of action subsequent to those proceedings. The FDCPA preempts state law to

² *Chevron U.S.A., Inc. v. Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc.*, 467 U.S. 837 (1984).

the extent state law affords a consumer less protection than the FDCPA does. 15 U.S.C. § 1692n; Const., Art XI, Clause 2. New York law does not distinguish a creditor from a debt collector pursuing foreclosure against a consumer, and does not require a creditor, and therefore offers less protection than would be consistent with federal law. New York has not received an exemption under 15 U.S.C. § 1692o. State of Maine is presently the only state exempted from § 1692n.

COUNT 1 – DEFENDANTS’ VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT

55. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing paragraphs as though the same were set forth at length herein.

56. **Stiene Defendants violated 15 U.S.C. § 1692c(b)** by sending communications in connection with the collection of the debt to the New York court (that is not a consumer, his attorney, a consumer reporting agency if otherwise permitted by law, the creditor, the attorney of the creditor, or the attorney of the debt collector) without prior consent given directly to the Stiene Defendants or express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction, nor as reasonably necessary to effectuate a postjudgment judicial remedy without a creditor.

57. **Chase violated 15 U.S.C. § 1692c(b)** by communicating through the Stiene Defendants in connection with the collection of the debt (Affidavit of Gary Brunton, Exhibit A, pp. 11-17) to the New York court on December 24, 2015 (that is not a consumer, his attorney, a consumer reporting agency if otherwise permitted by law, the creditor, the attorney of the creditor, or the attorney of the debt collector) without prior consent given directly to the Chase or Stiene Defendants or express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction, nor as reasonably necessary to effectuate a postjudgment judicial remedy without a creditor.

58. **All Defendants violated 15 U.S.C. § 1692e.** This is Defendants’ overarching violation. This suit is about debt collection without a creditor. Congress unequivocally requires

Wells Fargo be “the creditor to whom the debt is owed” in communications as well as in this Court in order for Defendants to even send Ms. Johnson-Gellineau an initial communication in compliance with 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a)(2). In pursuing collection of the debt—the Defendants in communications with the New York court while attempting to evade the Plaintiff’s right to the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed, each Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. § 1692e—particularly but not exclusively § 1692e(10)—which imposes strict liability on debt collectors who “use any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt.” All their communications, whether monthly statements from Chase, whether an initial or subsequent ones, when viewed through the eyes of a least sophisticated consumer, are misleading representations and deceptive means. A claim arising under 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a)(2) by alleging that Defendants failed to identify Plaintiffs’ current creditors, Plaintiffs’ allegations are also sufficient to state a claim against Defendants arising under 15 U.S.C. § 1692e. See Datiz, 2016 WL 4148330, at *12; Lee, 926 F.Supp.2d at 486-88; see also Foti v. NCO Fin. Sys., Inc., 424 F.Supp.2d 643, 666-67 (S.D.N.Y. 2006) (“The standard for determining a violation of § 1692e(10) is essentially the same as that for § 1692g.”). Although Defendant argues that “the alleged act must, at a minimum, involve a misrepresentation that is material,” see Def.’s Mem. at 18-19, in Lee, the court held that, “even assuming, arguendo, that a deceptive statement must be material to violate Section 1692e, . . . failing to identify the creditor . . . was not immaterial as a matter of law.” 926 F.Supp.2d at 488; see also Fritz v. Resurgent Capital Servs., LP, 955 F.Supp.2d 163, 170 (E.D.N.Y. 2013) (“[A] false representation of the owner of a debt could easily mislead the least sophisticated consumer as to the nature and legal status of the debt.”). Based on requirement in § 1692g(a)(2) as to the communications of Wells Fargo and Chase, Plaintiff had the right to expect that Wells Fargo was

the creditor to whom the debt was owed and for whom all of the Defendants were collecting. The Stiene Defendants' communications when viewed together with Chase's communications, are false, misleading, and deceptive means in violation of § 1692e.

CLAIM FOR DAMAGES

59. Plaintiff claims actual damages. Since (1) receiving the Notice of Hearing by the Stiene Defendants, (2) disputing the debt requesting validation and verification of the debt with all the Defendants but not receiving such from any of the Defendants, and (3) the Stiene Defendants' subsequent communications in connection with Wells Fargo's continued efforts to collect the debt, Plaintiff has experienced embarrassment, loss of reputation, anxiety and loss of sleep worrying about what will happen to her, her marriage, her personal information, and her place of abode under judgment of being publicly sold because of Defendants' failing to give notice required by § 1692g(a) and then failing to cease collection efforts upon her timely dispute, all in the absence of "the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed."

60. Therefore, none of the Defendants' violative acts or omissions resulted from a bona fide error notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any such error, or was in good faith in conformity with any advisory opinion of the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, notwithstanding that after such act or omission has occurred, such opinion is amended, rescinded, or determined by judicial or other authority to be invalid for any reason, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692k(c), (e).

61. Therefore, Plaintiff claims actual damages in the amount of \$1,045,310.75 from the Defendant under § 1692k(a)(1) sustained by Plaintiff as a result of Defendant's failure to comply with a provision of the FDCPA.

62. There is no creditor of Plaintiff to whom the debt is owed. If any one of the Defendants would have told Plaintiff that fact at the threshold of their collection activity instead

of sending misleading and deceptive communications, she could have defended against the foreclosure entirely differently and much sooner. The effect of Defendants' illegal actions and omissions mentioned above and communicating with Plaintiff and third parties in connection with foreclosure, is a direct and proximate cause of, as well as a substantial factor in, Plaintiff's embarrassment, anxiety, loss of sleep, and representation of her unpaid debt and foreclosure of her interest in her place of abode in the public record regardless of whether that representation is accurate in fact, for which each of the Stiene Defendants and Chase is directly liable, and Defendants Wells Fargo and Chase are each vicariously liable, to Plaintiff for \$1,045,310.75 in assessed actual damages under § 1692k(a)(1), plus costs and fees under § 1692k(a)(3) in the event that Plaintiff retains Counsel admitted by the Court.

Plaintiff's invoices for damages assessed under § 1692k(a)(1)

63. On April 30, 2016, Plaintiff assessed her damages under § 1692k(a)(1) and mailed via Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested, the Stiene Defendants and Chase invoices for \$1,045,310.75 for the reasons stated therein, attached as **Exhibit H**.

64. On May 26, 2016, Plaintiff mailed via Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested, the Stiene Defendants and Chase a Notice of Fault, attached as **Exhibit I**.

65. On August 24, 2016, Plaintiff mailed via Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested, the Stiene Defendants and Chase a Notice of Default, attached as **Exhibit J**.

66. The invoices are past due and remain unpaid.

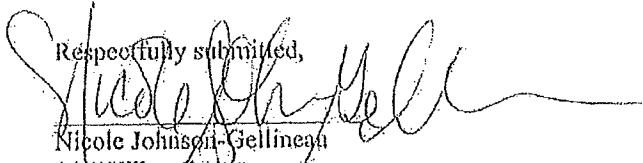
DEMAND FOR JUDGMENT

WHEREFORE, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(1), Plaintiff demands judgment be entered in Plaintiff's favor against each of the Defendants for \$1,045,310.75.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Respectfully submitted,


Nicole Johnson-Gellineau
149 Wilkes Street
Beacon, New York 12508
Cell: 646-456-1151
nikkigelly@gmail.com

VERIFICATION

I, Nicole Johnson-Gellineau, having been first duly sworn, depose and state that I have read the foregoing Verified Complaint, and that the information stated therein as factual is true to my own personal knowledge, and those factual matters which are stated to be upon information and belief are believed to be true.



Nicole Johnson-Gellineau

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 23rd day of December, 2016



Toniann Killmer
Notary Public

TONIANN KILLMER
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01K16221635
Qualified in Dutchess County
Commission Expires May 10, 2018

Exhibit A

Index No: 3344/13

Year 2013

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF DUTCHESS

WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, AS TRUSTEE FOR CARRINGTON
MORTGAGE LOAN TRUST, SERIES 2007-FRE1, ASSET-BACKED PASS-THROUGH
CERTIFICATES,

Plaintiff,

—against—

NICOLE JOHNSON, ET AL.,

Defendants.

NOTICE OF HEARING & REFEREE'S OATH & REPORT

STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

Attorneys for Plaintiff

Office and Post Office Address, Telephone
187 EAST MAIN STREET
HUNTINGTON, NY 11743
(631) 935-1616, FAX (631) 935-1223

Pursuant to 22 NYCRR 130-1.1, the undersigned, an attorney admitted to practice in the courts of New York State, certifies that, upon information and belief and reasonable inquiry, the contentions contained in the annexed document are not frivolous.

Dated: December 29, 2015

Signature...

Print Signer's Name: Christopher Virga, Esq.

To:

Attorney(s) for

Service of a copy of the within document is hereby admitted.

Dated:

Attorney(s)

for

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF DUTCHES

WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,
AS TRUSTEE FOR CARRINGTON MORTGAGE
LOAN TRUST, SERIES 2007-FRE1, ASSET-BACKED
PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES.

Plaintiff

**NOTICE OF REFEREE'S
HEARING**

—against—

INDEX # 3344/13

NICOLE JOHNSON, PETER JOHNSON,
MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION
SYSTEMS, INC. SOLELY AS NOMINEE FOR
FREMONT INVESTMENT AND LOAN,

and JOHN DOE AND JANE DOE #1 through #7,
the last seven (7) names being fictitious and
unknown to the plaintiff, the persons or parties
intended being the tenants, occupants, persons
or parties, if any, having or claiming an interest
in or lien upon the mortgaged premises described
in the Verified Complaint.

Defendants

3 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the matters herein referred to Todd W. Carpenter, Esq.,
by Order entered August 11, 2015, will be brought on for a hearing at the office of said Referee
located at 4 Library Street, Poughkeepsie, NY, on January 20, 2015. If you plan to attend this
hearing, written confirmation of same must be forwarded to the Referee at least two (2) business
days prior to the return date. If the Referee does not receive written confirmation prior to the
hearing date advising him that you will be attending the hearing, then the Referee will sign the
proposed Referee's Oath and Computation on the return date of the hearing.

Dated: Huntington, NY
December 24, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

By: Christopher Virga
Attorneys for Plaintiff
187 East Main Street
Huntington, NY 11743
(631) 935-1616

To:

Nicole Johnson
Defendant Pro Se
149 Wilkes Street
Beacon, NY 12508

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF DUTCHES

WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,
AS TRUSTEE FOR CARRINGTON MORTGAGE
LOAN TRUST, SERIES 2007-FREI, ASSET-BACKED
PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES,

Plaintiff,
against —

REFEREE'S OATH

INDEX #3344/13

NICOLE B. JOHNSON, PETER JOHNSON,
MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION
SYSTEMS, INC. SOLELY AS NOMINEE FOR
FREMONT INVESTMENT AND LOAN,

and JOHN DOE AND JANE DOE #1 through #7, the last seven (7) names being fictitious and unknown to the plaintiff, the persons or parties intended being the tenants, occupants, persons or parties, if any, having or claiming an interest in or lien upon the mortgaged premises described in the Verified Complaint.

Defendants.

STATE OF NEW YORK)
COUNTY OF DUTCHESSE) ss:

I, Todd W. Carpenter, Esq., the Referee, appointed by an Order of this Court, made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 10 day of August, 2015, to ascertain and compute the amount due to the plaintiff for principal, interest and other charges due upon the Note and Mortgage upon which this action was brought, and to examine and report whether the mortgaged premises can be sold in parcels, do solemnly swear that I will faithfully and fairly

determine the questions so referred to me, and make a just and true report thereon according to the best of my understanding and as the said Order requires.

Todd W. Carpenter, Esq.

Sworn to before me this
day of August, 2015

Notary Public

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF DUTCHESS

WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,
AS TRUSTEE FOR CARRINGTON MORTGAGE
LOAN TRUST, SERIES 2007-FRE1, ASSET-BACKED
PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES,

Plaintiff,

REFEREE'S REPORT OF
AMOUNT DUE

against

INDEX # 3344/13

NICOLE JOHNSON, PETER JOHNSON,
MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION
SYSTEMS, INC. SOLELY AS NOMINEE FOR
FREMONT INVESTMENT AND LOAN,

and JOHN DOE AND JANE DOE #1 through #7,
the last seven (?) names being fictitious and
unknown to the plaintiff, the persons or parties
intended being the tenants, occupants, persons
or parties, if any, having or claiming an interest
in or lien upon the mortgaged premises described
in the Verified Complaint;

Defendants.

TO THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF DUTCHESS:

In pursuance of an Order of this Court, dated August 10, 2015, whereby it was referred to the
undersigned as Referee to ascertain and compute the amount due to the Plaintiff by virtue of the Note
and Mortgage upon which this action was brought, and also to examine and report whether the
mortgaged premises can be sold in parcels, I hereby report as follows:

1. I, Todd W. Carpenter, Esq., the Referee in the said Order named, do report, that before
proceeding to hear the testimony I was first duly sworn to determine the questions referred to me, and
to make a just and true report thereon, according to the best of my understanding; that I have computed

and ascertained the amount due to the Plaintiff upon the said Note and Mortgage and that I find, and accordingly report, that there is due to the Plaintiff on the said Note and Mortgage, as of December 5, 2015 (unless specified otherwise in Schedule A) the sum of \$430,431.62.

2. The aggregate amount due and payable to the Plaintiff as of December 5, 2015 (unless specified otherwise in Schedule A) and which remains unpaid on the Note and Mortgage is \$430,431.62. From December 6, 2015 to date of the closing of the title of the referee's sale of the mortgaged premises, the Plaintiff is entitled to recover accrued interest plus interest per diem as well as costs, including monies paid for taxes, late charges and other expenses related to the upkeep of the mortgaged premises.

3. The annexed affidavit of Plaintiff shows the sums due to the Plaintiff for principal, interest, and other expenses due under the terms of the Note and Mortgage.

4. Schedule A, hereunto annexed, contains a statement of computation, and shows the amounts due for principal, interest and other amounts now due the Plaintiff.

5. Schedule B, hereunto annexed, contains a statement of exhibits including the Note and Mortgage which I find to be duly executed and correctly alleged as in the Complaint.

6. I have made inquiry as to the advisability of selling the mortgaged premises in parcels, and find accordingly that the mortgaged premises should be sold in one parcel.

DATED: _____, 2015

Todd W. Carpenter, Esq.
Referee

SCHEDULE ASTATEMENT OF COMPUTATION

Principal Balance	\$378,355.24
Interest Due through 11/30/2015	\$108,150.05
Pre-Acceleration Late Charges	\$624.68
Escrow	
Escrow Deficiency-Real Estate Taxes for the year 2015	\$6,280.11
Escrow Deficiency-Real Estate Taxes for the year 2014	\$6,111.84
Escrow Deficiency-Real Estate Taxes for the year 2013	\$5,309.30
Escrow Deficiency-Real Estate Taxes for prior years	\$16,508.75
Hazard Insurance	\$11,577.00
Mortgage Insurance Premium/ Private Mortgage Insurance	\$0.00
Escrow Credits	\$(3,121.25)
Total Escrow	\$42,665.75
Broker's Price Opinion/Appraisals	\$0.00
Property Preservation	\$0.00
Previous Bankruptcy Fees/Costs	\$0.00
Property Inspections	\$635.90
Suspense	\$0.00

Miscellaneous Charges/Credits as Follows	\$0.00
	\$0.00
	\$0.00
	\$0.00
	\$0.00
Total Due and owing as of December 5, 2015	\$430,431.62

Todd W. Carpenter, Esq.

SCHEDULE B

Note..... Executed by Nicole Johnson, dated December 18, 2006, to secure payment in the sum of \$262,880.00 with an initial adjustable interest rate of 7.990%.

Received and Marked Plaintiff's Exhibit A.

Mortgage..... Executed by Nicole Johnson, dated December 18, 2006, recorded on March 3, 2008 under Document No.: 01 2008 2204 in the Dutchess County Clerk's Office.

Received and Marked Plaintiff's Exhibit B.

Loan Modification Executed by Nicole Johnson, dated September 3, 2008, adjusting principal balance \$279,763.22, with an initial adjustable interest rate of 4.990%.

Received and Marked Plaintiff's Exhibit C.

Assignments..... The Note and Mortgage were tendered and transferred to the Plaintiff. There is an Assignment of Mortgage, recorded on March 8, 2010 under Document No.: 01 2010 502A in the Dutchess County Clerk's Office.

Received and Marked Plaintiff's Exhibit D.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF DUTCHES COUNTY, NEW YORK

Wells Fargo Bank National Association, as Trustee
for Carrington Mortgage Loan Trust, Series
2007-FREI, Asset-Backed Pass-Through
Certificates,

Plaintiff

vs.

NICOLE JOHNSON, PETER JOHNSON ;
MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION
SYSTEMS, INC. SOLELY AS NOMINEE FOR
FREMONT INVESTMENT AND LOAN,
Defendant(s)

STATE OF OHIO

) INDEX NO. 3344/13

Property Address:

149 WILKES ST, BEACON, NY 12508

Block Lot

FRANKLIN COUNTY

)
) SS

AFFIDAVIT

Borrower: JOHNSON, NICOLE

Property Address: 149 WILKES ST, BEACON, NY 12508

County: DUTCHES

Loan Number: XXXXXX6407

43

1. I am a Vice President of JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association ("Chase"), and I am authorized to make this affidavit on behalf of Chase. Chase is the loan servicer for the Plaintiff in this action.

2. I make this affidavit based on my review of Chase's business records, as more fully described below in paragraph 4. I am over the age of 18 and competent to testify as to the matters contained in this affidavit.

3. A note dated 12/18/2006, in the original principal amount of \$ 262,880.00 (the "Note"), was signed by or on behalf of JOHNSON, NICOLE ("Borrower"), and was secured by a mortgage on a property located at 149 WILKES ST, BEACON, NY 12508 (the "Mortgage"). The Note and Mortgage, and if shown and selected below, any Loan Modification Agreements are collectively referred to as the "Loan Documents."

The loan was modified by a Loan Modification Agreement (loss mitigation) with a first modified payment due on 09/01/2008.

4. As a mortgage servicer, Chase collects payments from Borrower and maintains up-to-date electronic records concerning the loans it services in its electronic record-keeping system. I have access to the business records of Chase, including the business records for and relating to the Borrower's loan. I make this affidavit based upon my review of those records relating to the loan and from my own personal knowledge of how they are kept and maintained. The loan records are maintained by Chase in the course of its regularly conducted business activities and are made at or near the time of the event, by or from information transmitted by a person with knowledge. It is the regular practice to keep such records in the ordinary course of a regularly conducted business activity. Chase's records that relate to the loan that I reviewed and relied upon for the statements made in this Affidavit include images of the Note, Chase's electronic servicing system, and images of correspondence to the borrower.

5. Plaintiff, directly or through its agent, is in possession of the original Note and was in possession at the time of filing the Complaint, a true and correct copy of the Note is attached to the Affidavit.

6. Borrower failed to make the payment that was due for 9/1/2009 under the Loan Documents and has failed to make subsequent payments to bring the loan current, and the entire loan balance is now due and owing to Plaintiff.

7. As of 12/5/2015 (unless specified otherwise below), Plaintiff seeks to recover the following itemized sums of money that are due and owing under the Loan Documents, exclusive of attorney's fees and costs in this action:

Borrower: JOHNSON, NICOLE
Property Address: 149 WILKES ST, BEACON, NY 12508
County: DUTCHESS
Loan Number: XXXXXX6407

v1.0

Principal Balance	\$ 278,355.24
Interest Due through <u>11/30/2015</u>	\$ 108,130.05
Pre-Acceleration Late Charges	\$ 624.68
Escrow Escrow Deficiency-Real Estate Taxes for the year <u>2015</u>	\$ 6,280.11
Escrow Deficiency-Real Estate Taxes for the year <u>2014</u>	\$ 6,114.84
Escrow Deficiency-Real Estate Taxes for the year <u>2013</u>	\$ 5,309.30
Previous Escrow Deficiency Real Estate Taxes (cumulative)	\$ 16,508.75
Hazard Insurance	\$ 11,577.00
Mortgage Insurance Premium / Private Mortgage Insurance	\$ 0.00
Escrow Credits	\$ (3,121.25)
Total Escrow	\$ 42,665.75
Broker's Price Opinion/Appraisals	\$ 0.00
Property Preservation	\$ 0.00
Previous Bankruptcy Fees/Costs	\$ 0.00
Property Inspection Fees	\$ 635.90
Suspense	\$ 0.00
Miscellaneous Charges/Credits as Follows:	
	\$ 0.00
	\$ 0.00
	\$ 0.00
	\$ 0.00
	\$ 0.00

Borrower: JOHNSON, NICOLE
 Property Address: 149 WILKES ST, BEACON, NY 12508
 County: DUTCHESS
 Loan Number: XXXXXX6407

TOTAL \$ 430,431.62

Interest will continue to accrue in accordance with the terms of the Loan Documents.

The loan has a variable rate of interest.

Additional escrow advances and/or fees for inspections, property preservations or otherwise to protect the property may be incurred after the date of this affidavit.

8. My review of records maintained by Chase reveals that a notice of default, dated 10/30/2009, was sent to the Borrower at the last known address provided by Borrower, which is: 149 Wilkes Street, Beacon, NY 12508.

9. My review of records maintained by Chase reveals the following regarding the sending of the ninety (90) day pre-foreclosure notice ("PFN"): A PFN dated 11/29/2012 attached as Exhibit A, was sent to JOHNSON, NICOLE at the address of the property secured by the Mortgage, and to the last known address, which is 149 Wilkes Street, Beacon, NY 12508, by certified and first class mail.

For each of the PFN attached, the text of the 90 Day Notice is typed in fourteen (14) point font.

BY: Gary Brunton
Name: Gary Brunton
Date: 12-8-2015
Title: Vice President, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

Subscribed and sworn to before me in said County
this 8 day of December, 2015

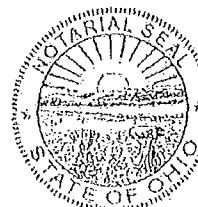
By Gary Brunton

Gary Brunton Caitlin Marquardt
Notary Public Caitlin Marquardt
State of OHIO

County of FRANKLIN

My Commission expires: 08/10/2019
Personally Known OR Produced Identification
Type of identification produced:

Borrower: JOHNSON, NICOLE
Property Address: 149 WILKES ST, BEACON, NY 12508
County: DUTCHESS
Loan Number: XXXXXX6407



CAITLIN MARQUARDT
Notary Public, State of Ohio
My Commission Expires 08-10-2019

TO BE COMPLETED, IN ADDITION TO JURAT (ABOVE), IF EXECUTING OUTSIDE OF
NEW YORK STATE

STATE OF Ohio)
) ss
COUNTY OF Franklin)

On the 8 day of Dec in the year 20 15 before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said State, personally appeared Gary Brunton, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual(s) whose name(s) is (are) subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed same in his/her/their capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument, the individual(s) or the person upon behalf of which the individual(s) acted, executed the instrument, and that ~~the~~ individual made such appearance before the undersigned in Gahanna [Insert the city or other political subdivision and the state or county or other place the acknowledgment was taken].

Personally Known OR

Produced Identification

Type of Identification Produced:

Notary Public



CAITIN MARQUARDT
Notary Public, State of Ohio
My Commission Expires 08-10-2018

Borrower: JOHNSON, NICOLE
Property Address: 149 WILKES ST, BEACON, NY 12508
County: DUTCHESS
Loan Number: XXXXXX6407

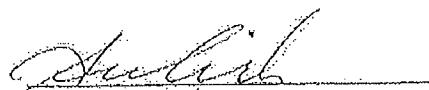
CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

I, ANGELA KIRK, certify as follows:

1. I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Ohio.

2. The annexed Affidavit, which was signed by Gary Brunton and dated DECEMBER 8, 2015, was signed in a manner which was and is in accordance with, and conforms to, the laws for taking oaths and acknowledgments in the State of Ohio.

Dated: 12/08/2015



ANGELA KIRK

Borrower Last Name: JOHNSON
Last 4 Digits of Loan Number: 6407

A

ADJUSTABLE RATE NOTE
(6-Month LIBOR Index - Rate Caps)

THIS NOTE CONTAINS PROVISIONS ALLOWING FOR CHANGES IN MY INTEREST RATE AND MY MONTHLY PAYMENT. THIS NOTE LIMITS THE AMOUNT MY INTEREST RATE CAN CHANGE AT ANY ONE TIME AND THE MAXIMUM RATE I MUST PAY.

December 18, 2006
[Date]

BREA
[City]

CA 92821
[State]

149 WILKES ST. Beacon, NY 12508

[Property Address]

1. BORROWER'S PROMISE TO PAY

In return for a loan that I have received, I promise to pay U.S. \$ 262,880.00 (this amount is called "Principal"), plus interest, to the order of the Lender. The Lender is Fremont Investment & Loan

I will make all payments under this Note in the form of cash, check or money order.

I understand that the Lender may transfer this Note. The Lender or anyone who takes this Note by transfer and who is entitled to receive payments under this Note is called the "Note Holder."

2. INTEREST

Interest will be charged on unpaid principal until the full amount of Principal has been paid. I will pay interest at a yearly rate of 7.990 %. The interest rate I will pay will change in accordance with Section 4 of this Note.

The interest rate required by this Section 2 and Section 4 of this Note is the rate I will pay both before and after any default described in Section 7(B) of this Note.

3. PAYMENTS ** SEE BALLOON PAYMENT RIDER ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF **

(A) Time and Place of Payments

I will pay principal and interest by making a payment every month.

I will make my monthly payment on the first day of each month beginning on February 01, 2007

I will make these payments every month until I have paid all of the principal and interest and any other charges described below that I may owe under this Note. Each monthly payment will be applied as of its scheduled due date and will be applied to interest before Principal. If, on January 01, 2037, I still owe amounts under this Note, I will pay those amounts in full on that date, which is called the "Maturity Date."

I will make my monthly payments at 2727 East Imperial Highway, Brea, CA 92821

or at a different place if required by the Note Holder.

(B) Amount of My Initial Monthly Payments

Each of my initial monthly payments will be in the amount of U.S. \$ 1,783.61 . This amount may change.

(C) Monthly Payment Changes

Changes in my monthly payment will reflect changes in the unpaid principal of my loan and in the interest rate that I must pay. The Note Holder will determine my new interest rate and the changed amount of my monthly payment in accordance with Section 4 of this Note.

MULTISTATE ADJUSTABLE RATE NOTE - 6-Month LIBOR Index - Single Family - Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

015N (024)

Form 5520-3704

VMR Mortgage Solutions (800)571-7201

Initials:

Page 1 of 1



Original Note & Riders

4. INTEREST RATE AND MONTHLY PAYMENT CHANGES

(A) Change Dates

The interest rate I will pay may change on the first day of January, 2009, and may change on that day every sixth month thereafter. Each date on which my interest rate could change is called a "Change Date."

(B) The Index

Beginning with the first Change Date, my interest rate will be based on an Index. The "Index" is the six month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") which is the average of interbank offered rates for six-month U.S. dollar-denominated deposit in the London market, as published in *The Wall Street Journal*. The most recent index figure available 45 days first before each Change Date is called the "Current Index."

If the Index is no longer available, the Note Holder will choose a new index which is based upon comparable information. The Note Holder will give me notice of this choice.

(C) Calculation of Changes

Before each Change Date, the Note Holder will calculate my new interest rate by adding $6,000/1000$ percentage point(s) (6.000 %) to the Current Index. The Note Holder will then round the result of this addition to the nearest one-eighth of one percentage point (0.125%). Subject to the limits stated in Section 4(D) below, this rounded amount will be my new interest rate until the next Change Date.

The Note Holder will then determine the amount of the monthly payment that would be sufficient to repay the unpaid principal that I am expected to owe at the Change Date in full on the Maturity Date at my new interest rate in substantially equal payments. The result of this calculation will be the new amount of my monthly payment.

(D) Limits on Interest Rate Changes

The interest rate I am required to pay at the first Change Date will not be greater than 10.990 % or less than 7.990 %. Thereafter, my interest rate will never be increased or decreased on any subsequent Change Date by more than 1,500 from the rate of interest I have been paying for the preceding period. My interest rate will never be greater than 13.990 % or less than 7.990 %.

(E) Effective Date of Changes

My new interest rate will become effective on each Change Date. I will pay the amount of my new monthly payment beginning on the first monthly payment date after the Change Date until the amount of my monthly payment changes again.

(F) Notice of Changes

The Note Holder will deliver or mail to me a notice of any changes in my interest rate and the amount of my monthly payment before the effective date of any change. The notice will include information required by law to be given to me and also the title and telephone number of a person who will answer any question I may have regarding the notice.

S. BORROWER'S RIGHT TO PREPAY ** SEE PREPAYMENT RIDER ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF **

I have the right to make payments of Principal at any time before they are due. A payment of Principal only is known as a "Prepayment." When I make a Prepayment, I will tell the Note Holder in writing that I am doing so. I may not designate a payment as a Prepayment if I have not made all the monthly payments due under the Note.

I may make a full Prepayment or partial Prepayments without paying a Prepayment charge. The Note Holder will use my Prepayments to reduce the amount of Principal that I owe under this Note. However, the Note Holder may apply my Prepayment to the accrued and unpaid interest on the Prepayment amount before applying my Prepayment to reduce the Principal amount of the Note. If I make a partial Prepayment, there will be no changes in the due dates of my monthly payment unless the Note Holder agrees in writing to those changes. My partial Prepayment may reduce the amount of my monthly payments after the first Change Date following my partial Prepayment. However, any reduction due to my partial Prepayment may be offset by an interest rate increase.

6. LOAN CHARGES

If a law, which applies to this loan and which sets maximum loan charges, is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with this loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from me which exceed permitted limits will be refunded to me. The Note Holder may choose to make this refund by reducing the Principal I owe under this Note or by making a direct payment to me. If a refund reduces Principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial Prepayment.

7. BORROWER'S FAILURE TO PAY AS REQUIRED

(A) Late Charges for Overdue Payments

If the Note Holder has not received the full amount of any monthly payment by the end of the date it is due, I will pay a late charge to the Note Holder. The amount of the charge will be 15 calendar days after 5,000 % of my overdue payment of principal and interest. I will pay this late charge promptly but only once on each late payment.

(B) Default

If I do not pay the full amount of each monthly payment on the date it is due, I will be in default.

(C) Notice of Default

If I am in default, the Note Holder may send me a written notice telling me that if I do not pay the overdue amount by a certain date, the Note Holder may require me to pay immediately the full amount of Principal which has not been paid and all the interest that I owe on that amount. That date must be at least 30 days after the date on which the notice is mailed to me or delivered by other means.

(D) No Waiver by Note Holder

Even if, at a time when I am in default, the Note Holder does not require me to pay immediately in full as described above, the Note Holder will still have the right to do so if I am in default at a later time.

(E) Payment of Note Holder's Costs and Expenses

If the Note Holder has required me to pay immediately in full as described above, the Note Holder will have the right to be paid back by me for all of its costs and expenses in enforcing this Note to the extent not prohibited by applicable law. Those expenses include, for example, reasonable attorneys' fees.

8. GIVING OF NOTICES

Unless applicable law requires a different method, any notice that must be given to me under this Note will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to me at the Property Address above or at a different address if I give the Note Holder a notice of my different address.

Any notice that must be given to the Note Holder under this Note will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to the Note Holder at the address stated in Section 3(A) above or at a different address if I am given a notice of that different address.

9. OBLIGATIONS OF PERSONS UNDER THIS NOTE

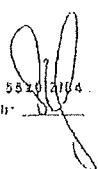
If more than one person signs this Note, each person is fully and personally obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note, including the promise to pay the full amount owed. Any person who is a guarantor, surety or endorser of this Note is also obligated to do these things. Any person who takes over these obligations, including the obligations of a guarantor, surety or endorser of this Note, is also obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note. The Note Holder may enforce its rights under this Note against each person individually or against all of us together. This means that any one of us may be required to pay all of the amounts owed under this Note.

10. WAIVERS

I and any other person who has obligations under this Note waive the rights of Presentment and Notice of Dishonor. "Presentment" means the right to require the Note Holder to demand payment of amounts due. "Notice of Dishonor" means the right to require the Note Holder to give notice to other persons that amounts due have not been paid.

11. UNIFORM SECURED NOTE

This Note is a uniform instrument with limited variations in some jurisdictions. In addition to the protections given to the Note Holder under this Note, a Mortgage, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument"), dated the same date as this Note, protects the Note Holder from possible losses which might result if I do not keep the promises which I make in this Note. That Security Instrument describes how and under what conditions I may be required to make immediate payment in full of all amounts I owe under this Note. Some of those conditions are described as follows:



Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

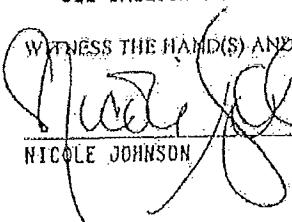
If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law. Lender also shall not exercise this option if: (a) Borrower causes to be submitted to Lender information required by Lender to evaluate the intended transfer as if a new loan were being made to the transferee; and (b) Lender reasonably determines that Lender's security will not be impaired by the loan assumption and that the risk of a breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument is acceptable to Lender.

To the extent permitted by Applicable Law, Lender may charge a reasonable fee as a condition to Lender's consent to the loan assumption. Lender may also require the transferee to sign an assumption agreement that is acceptable to Lender and that obligates the transferee to keep all the promises and agreements made in the Note and in this Security Instrument. Borrower will continue to be obligated under the Note and this Security Instrument unless Lender releases Borrower in writing.

If Lender exercises the option to require immediate payment in full, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

** SEE PREPAYMENT RIDER ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF **
** SEE BALLOON PAYMENT RIDER ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF **

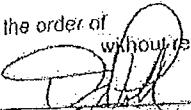
WITNESS THE HAND(S) AND SEAL(S) OF THE UNDERSIGNED.


NICOLE JOHNSON

(Seal) _____ (Seal) _____
-Borrower -Borrower

[Sign Original Only]

Pay to the order of
without recourse.


Fremont Investment & Loan
Doug Pollock
Assistant Vice President

PREPAYMENT RIDER TO NOTE

THIS PREPAYMENT RIDER is made this 18th day of December, 2006, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Adjustable Rate Note ("Note") made by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to:

Fremont Investment & Loan

(the "lender") of the same date and covering the property located at:
149 WILKES ST, Beacon, NY 12508

(Property Address)

BORROWER'S RIGHT TO PREPAY

This Prepayment Rider Supersedes Section 5 of the Note

I have the right to make payments of principal at any time before they are due. A payment of principal only is known as a "prepayment". When I make a prepayment, I will tell the Note Holder in a letter that I am doing so. A prepayment of all of the unpaid principal is known as a "full prepayment." A prepayment of only part of the unpaid principal is known as a "partial prepayment."

I may make a full or partial prepayment; however, the Note Holder may charge me for the privilege of prepayment. If more than 20% of the original principal amount of this note is prepaid in any 12-month period within [1 Year] after the date of this loan, I agree to pay a prepayment charge equal to six months interest on the amount prepaid which is in excess of 20% of the original principal amount of this Note. If I make a prepayment, there will be no delays in the due dates or changes in the amounts of my monthly payments unless the Note Holder agrees in writing to those delays or changes. I may make full prepayment at any time.

NICOLE JOHNSON

Date

Date

Date

Date

Date

Date

Date

Date

Balloon Payment Rider to Note (Adjustable Rate)

THIS LOAN IS PAYABLE IN FULL, AT MATURITY. YOU MUST REPAY THE ENTIRE UNPAID PRINCIPAL BALANCE OF THE LOAN, TOGETHER WITH ALL UNPAID INTEREST AND LOAN CHARGES THEN DUE, IN A SINGLE BALLOON PAYMENT. THE LENDER IS UNDER NO OBLIGATION TO REFINANCE THIS LOAN AT THAT TIME. YOU WILL, THEREFORE, BE REQUIRED TO MAKE PAYMENT OUT OF OTHER ASSETS THAT YOU MAY OWN, OR YOU WILL HAVE TO FIND A LENDER, WHICH MAY BE THE LENDER YOU HAD THIS LOAN WITH, WILLING TO LEND YOU THE MONEY. IF YOU REFINANCE THIS LOAN AT MATURITY, YOU MAY HAVE TO PAY HIGHER INTEREST RATES ON THE NEW LOAN THAN THE INTEREST RATE PAID ON THIS LOAN. FURTHER, IF YOU REFINANCE, YOU MAY HAVE TO PAY SOME OR ALL OF THE CLOSING COSTS NORMALLY ASSOCIATED WITH A NEW LOAN EVEN IF YOU OBTAIN REFINANCING FROM THE SAME LENDER.

THIS BALLOON PAYMENT RIDER TO NOTE (the "Note Rider") is made this 18th day of December, 2006, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Adjustable Rate Note (the "Note") made by the undersigned (the "Borrower") in favor of "Fremont Investment & Loan" (the "Lender") and dated the same date as this Note Rider.

ADDITIONAL COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Note, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payments

Sections 3 and 4 of the Note are modified, amended and supplemented to read, in their entirety, as follows:

"3. PAYMENTS

(A) Time and Place of Payment

I will pay principal and interest by making a payment every month. I will make my monthly payment on the first day of each month beginning on 02/01/2007. I will make these payments every month until I have paid all of the Principal and interest and any other charges described below that I may owe under this Note. Each monthly payment will be applied as of its scheduled due date and will be applied to interest before principal. On January 01, 2037, (which is called the "Maturity Date"), I will pay the entire unpaid Principal balance of this Note, together with all accrued and unpaid interest and all charges due under this Note, in a single payment (the "Balloon Payment"). I understand and acknowledge that the Balloon Payment due on the Maturity Date will be much larger than a regular monthly payment and that the Note Holder has no obligation to refinance the Balloon Payment.

I will make my monthly payments at 2727 East Imperial Highway, Brea, CA 92821 or at a different place if required by the Note Holder.

(B) Amount of Monthly Payments

Each of my initial monthly payments will be in the amount of U.S. \$ 1,783.61. This amount may change.

(C) Monthly Payment Changes

Changes in my monthly payment will reflect changes in the unpaid Principal of my loan and in the interest rate that I must pay. The Note Holder will determine my new interest rate and the changed amount of my monthly payment in accordance with Section 4 of this Note.

4. INTEREST RATE AND MONTHLY PAYMENT CHANGES

(A) Change Dates

The interest rate I will pay may change on the first day of January, 2009, and may change on that day every sixth month thereafter. Each date on which my interest rate could change is called a "Change Date."

(B) The Index

Beginning with the first Change Date, my interest rate will be based on an Index. The "Index" is the six month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), which is the average of interbank offered rates for six-month U.S. dollar-denominated deposits in the London market, as published in The Wall Street Journal. The most recent Index figure available 45 days before each Change Date is called the "Current Index."

If the Index is not longer available, the Note Holder will choose a new index and adjust the Margin described below. The Note Holder will give me notice of these changes.

(C) Calculation of Changes

Before each Change Date, the Note Holder will calculate my new interest rate by adding Six and 000/1000 percentage point(s) (6.000 %) (the "Margin") to the Current Index. The Note Holder will then round the result of this addition to the nearest one-eighth of one percentage point (0.125%). Subject to the limits stated in Section 4(D) below, this rounded amount will be my new interest rate until the next Change Date.

The Note Holder will then determine the amount of the monthly payment that would be sufficient to repay the unpaid principal that I am expected to owe at the Change Date in full on 1/1/2087 at my new interest rate in substantially equal payments. The result of this calculation will be the new amount of my monthly payment.

(D) Limits on Interest Rate Changes

The interest rate I am required to pay at the first Change Date will not be greater than 10.990 % or less than 7.990 %. Thereafter, my interest rate will never be increased or decreased on any single Change Date by more than One and 500/1000 percentage point(s) (1.500 %) from the rate of interest I have been paying for the preceding six months. In any event, my interest rate will never be greater than 13.990 % and will never be less than 7.990 %.

(E) Effective Date of Changes

My new interest rate will become effective on each Change Date. I will pay the amount of my new monthly payment beginning on the first monthly payment date after the Change Date until the amount of my monthly payment changes again.

(F) Notice of Changes

The Note Holder will deliver or mail to me such notice of any changes in my interest rate and monthly payment as may be required by law. The notice will include information required by law to be given to me and also the title and telephone number of a person who will answer any questions I may have regarding the notice.

2. Uniform Secured Note

Section 11 of the Note is modified, amended and supplemented to read, in its entirety, as follows:

11. UNIFORM SECURED NOTE

This Note is a uniform instrument with limited variations in some jurisdictions. In addition to the provisions given to the Note Holder under this Note, a Mortgage, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument"), dated the same date as this Note, protects the Note Holder from possible losses which might result if I do not keep the promises which I make in this Note. That Security Instrument describes how and under what conditions I may be required to make immediate payment in full of all amounts I owe under this Note. Some of those conditions are described as follows:

(A) UNTIL MY INITIAL INTEREST RATE CHANGES UNDER THE TERMS STATED IN SECTION 4 ABOVE, UNIFORM COVENANT 18 OF THE SECURITY INSTRUMENT IS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

(B) AFTER MY INITIAL INTEREST RATE CHANGES UNDER THE TERMS STATED IN SECTION 4 ABOVE, UNIFORM COVENANT 18 OF THE SECURITY INSTRUMENT DESCRIBED IN SECTION 11(A) ABOVE SHALL THEN CEASE TO BE IN EFFECT, AND UNIFORM COVENANT 18 OF THE SECURITY INSTRUMENT SHALL INSTEAD BE DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed,

contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser. If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums received by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law. Lender also shall not exercise this option if: (a) Borrower causes to be submitted to Lender information required by Lender to evaluate the intended transferee as if a new loan were being made to the transferee; and (b) Lender reasonably determines that Lender's security will not be impaired by the loan assumption and that the risk of a breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument is acceptable to Lender.

To the extent permitted by Applicable Law, Lender may charge a reasonable fee as a condition to Lender's consent to the loan assumption. Lender may also require the transferee to sign an assumption agreement that is acceptable to Lender and that obligates the transferee to keep all the promises and agreements made in the Note and in this Security Instrument. Borrower will continue to be obligated under the Note and this Security Instrument unless Lender releases Borrower in writing.

If Lender exercises the option to require immediate payment in full, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums received by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security

3 EIGHT-UR Note Rider

3. **Effect of Note Rider**
This Note Rider modifies, amends and supplements the Note. To the extent of any inconsistency between the provisions of this Note Rider and the provisions of the Note, the provisions of this Note Rider shall prevail over and supersede the inconsistent provisions of the Note. Except as modified, amended or supplemented by this Note Rider, the Note shall remain in full force and effect.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Balloon Payment Rider to Note.

Nicole Johnson (S&B) - Borrower
NICOLE JOHNSON (S&B)

(Seal) _____
Borrower _____

..... (Seal)
- Borrower

• Borrower

Asian Orthogonal Graphs

B

DUTCHESSE COUNTY CLERK RECORDING PAGE

RECORD & RETURN TO:

FRANKLIN INVESTMENT & LOAN
PO BOX 34078
FULLERTON
CA 92834-4078

RECORDED: 03/03/2008
 AT: 13:25:04
 DOCUMENT #: 01 2008 2204

RECEIVED FROM: FRONTIER

MORTGAGOR: JOHNSON, NICOLE
MORTGAGEE: FRANKLIN INVESTMENT & LOANRECORDED IN: MORTGAGE
INSTRUMENT TYPE: TAX

DISTRICT: CITY OF BEACON

EXAMINED AND CHARGED AS FOLLOWS:

RECORDING CHARGE: 96.00 NUMBER OF PAGES: 23

MORTGAGE AMOUNT: 262,000.00

MORTGAGE TYPE: 1-2 FAMILY RESIDENCE

COUNTY TAX:	1,314.50	*** DO NOT DETACH THIS
MTA TAX:	750.70	*** PAGE
SPECIAL ADDL TAX:		*** THIS IS NOT A BILL
1-2 FAMILY TAX:	687.25	
MORTGAGE TAX LOCAL:	687.25	
TOTAL TAX:	3,907.70	

SERIAL NUMBER: CY013201

APPROVED: N

COURT CLERK BY: MDS /
RECEIPT NO: R12784
DATER REC'D: 3/01/08

BRIAN D. KENDALL

County Clerk



Platinum West
Financial Investment & Loan
1000 W. 34070
FULTON, CA 92834-34070

Prepared by
Barbara's Loan

23/PA
(10) 26
33877
348570

~~RECORD AT THE LENDER'S OFFICE~~

MORTGAGE

WORDS USED OFTEN IN THIS DOCUMENT

(A) "Security Instrument" This document, which is dated December 16, 2006, together with all addenda to this document, will be called the "Security Instrument".
(B) "Mortgagor" (NICOLE JORDAN), a married woman.

whose address is 249 WILKES ST Beacon, NY 12508

will be called "Mortgagor" and sometimes simply "I" or "me".
(C) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. MERS is a corporate corporation that is acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns. MERS is organized and existing under the laws of Delaware and has an address and telephone number of P.O. Box 2028, Milpitas, CA 95031-2028, tel. (888) 679-5000, FOR PURPOSES OF RECORDING THIS MORTGAGE,
MERS IS THE MORTGAGEE OF RECORD.

(D) "Investor" Franklin Investment & Loan

will be called "Lender." Lender is a corporation or association which exists under the laws of
CALIFORNIA . Lender's address is 2727 East Imperial
Highway, Brea, CA 92821

Scenes 6055 Block 77 Lot 613072, Unit
NEW YORK - Statewide - Franklin County New York Uniform Instrument with Addenda Page 0023 1/01
00-54197 (001)
2007-11-17 10267
VIA FAX (518) 273-1111

Schedule A Description

Title Number 1714025

Page 1

ALL that certain plot, place or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situated, lying and being in the City of Beacon, Dutchess County, State of New York, known and designated as Lot 23, Block 5, on a certain map entitled "Map of lands of Lafayette Homesite Corporation" in the City of Beacon, New York, dated October 8, 1953, made by Robert A. Monell, Surveyor, and filed at the County Clerk's Office of Dutchess County on October 14, 1953, as Map #2523.

Said premises being known as 149 Wilcox Street, Beacon, New York.

(B) "Note" The note signed by Borrower and dated December 18, 2008, will be called the "Note." The Note shows that Lender Two, Hundred Sixty-Two Thousand Eight Hundred Eighty and 0/100ths

Dollars (U.S. \$262,000.00) plus interest and other amounts that may be payable, I have promised to pay this debt in Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full by January 01, 2037.

(C) "Property" The property that is described below in the section titled "Description of the Property," will be called the "Property."

(D) "Loan" The "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(E) "Owner Secured" The borrower described below in his action titled "Borrower's Transfer to Lender of Rights in the Property" mentioned will be called the "Owner Secured."

(F) "Lender" All Notes attached to this Security Instrument that are signed by Borrower will be called "Lender." The following address are to be used by Borrower (check box if applicable):

Adjustable Rate Rider Condominium Rider Second Home Rider
 Balloon Rider Planned Unit Development Rider Job Party Rider
 VA Rider Monthly Payment Rider Other(s) (specify)

(G) "Applicable Law" All controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances, and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable, judicial opinions will be called "Applicable Law."

(H) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" All dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization will be called "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments."

(I) "Electronic Funds Transfer" "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of money, other than by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an automatic teller, telephone, Internet, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Some common examples of an Electronic Funds Transfer are point-of-sale transfers (where a card such as an ATM or debit card is used at a merchant), automated teller machines (ATM) transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(J) "Exercise Items" "These items that are described in Section 3 will be called "Exercise Items."

(K) "Insolvent Proceeds" "Insolvent Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than Insolvent Proceeds, as defined in and paid under the section described in Section 3) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) Condemnation or condemnation of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of Condemnation or sale to avoid Condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentation of, or omission as to, the value or fair condition of the Property. A taking of the Property by any governmental authority by eminent domain is known as "Condemnation."

(L) "Mortgage" "Mortgage" means documents protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(M) "Periodic Payment" The regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, and (ii) any amounts under Section 3 will be called "Periodic Payment."

(N) "RESPA" "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor regulation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

022-5887-0001

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BORROWER'S TRANSFER TO LENDER OR RIGHTS IN THIS PROPERTY

I mortgage, grant and convey the Property to MERS (orally or nomina) for Lender and Lender's successors in interest and its successors in interest subject to the terms of this Security Instrument. This means that, by signing this Security Instrument, I am giving Lender those rights that are stated in this Security Instrument and also those rights that are applicable law gives to Lender who holds mortgages on real property. I am giving Lender these rights to protect Lender from possible losses that might result if I fail to:

- (A) Pay all the amounts that I owe Lender as stated in the Note including, but not limited to, all receivable, extended and modifications of the Note;
- (B) Pay, with interest, any amounts that Lender spends under this Security Instrument to protect the value of the Property and Lender's rights in the Property; and
- (C) Keep all of my other promises and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note.

I understand and agree that MERS holds only legal title to the rights granted by me in this Security Instrument, but, if necessary to comply with law or custom, MERS (or nomina) for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) has the right:

- (A) to exercise any or all of those rights, including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and
- (B) to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, releasing and vacating this Security Instrument.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

I give MERS (orally or nomina) for Lender and Lender's successors in interest rights in the Property described in (A) through (D) below:

- (A) The Property which is located at 139 WILKES ST.

(Precise)

Bedrock

This Property is in Dutchess

County, New York 12508 (Zip Code)

County, it has the following legal

description SEE ATTACHED EXHIBIT "A"

- (B) All buildings and other improvements that are located on the Property described in subsection (A) of this section;
- (C) All rights in voice property that I have as owner of the Property described in subsection (A) of this section. These rights are known as "asements and appurtenances attached to the Property";
- (D) All rights that I have in the land which lies in the streets or roads in front of or next to the Property described in subsection (A) of this section;

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(B) All fixtures that are now or in the future will be on the Property described in subsections (A) and (B) of this section;
(C) All of the rights and property described in subsections (D) through (E) of this section that I acquire in the future and
(D) All replacements of or addition to the Property described in subsections (D) through (F) of this section and all Increases Proceeds for loss or damage to, and all Miscellaneous Proceeds of the Property described in subsections (A) through (F) of this section.

BORROWER'S TITLE TO MORTGAGE THE PROPERTY AND BORROWER'S OBLIGATION TO DIVIDE OWNERSHIP OF THE PROPERTY

I promise that (A) I legally own the Property, (B) I have the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property to Lender, and (C) there are no outstanding claims or charges against the Property, except for those which are of public record.

I give a general warranty of title to Lender. This means that I will be fully responsible for any losses which Lender suffers because other than myself has some of the rights to the Property which I promise that I have. I promise that I will defend my ownership of the Property against any claims of such rights.

PLAIN LANGUAGE SECURITY INSTRUMENT

This Security Instrument contains promises and agreements that are used in real property security instruments all over the country. It also contains other promises and agreements that may, in different parts of the country, be promises and agreements we are used in plain language.

COVENANTS

I promise and I agree with Lender as follows:

1. Borrower's Promise to Pay. I will pay to Lender on time principal and interest due under the Note and any payment, late charge and other amounts due under the Note, will when pay all amounts for taxes, Homeowner's Stamps or this Security Instrument.

Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. If any of my payments by check or other payment instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require my payment be made by: (A) cash, (B) money order, (C) certified check, bank check, cashier's check or cashier's check drawn from an institution which deposits the amount by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity or (D) electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received in the location required in the Note, or at another location designated by Lender under Section 15 of this Security Instrument. Lender may waive or accept any payment or unpaid payment if it is for an amount that is less than the amount which then due. If Lender accepts a lesser payment, Lender may refuse to accept a larger payment that I may make in the future and does not waive any of its rights. Lender is not obligated to apply such lesser payments when it accepts such payment. If interest on unpaid interest is all periods payment has been paid when due, then Lender need not pay interest on unpaid interest. Lender may hold such unpaid funds until I make payment to bring the Lender current. If I do not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender will either apply such funds or return them to me. In the event of foreclosure, any unpaid funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which I might have now or in the future against Lender will relieve me from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or keeping all of my other promises and agreements required by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Borrower's Payments and Interest Preceded. Unless Applicable Law or this Section 2 require otherwise, Lender will apply each of my payments that Lender accepts in the following order:

First, to pay interest due under the Note;

Next, to pay principal due under this Note and;

Next, to pay the amount the Lender under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

Such payments will be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it becomes due.

Any remaining amount will be applied as follows:

First, to pay any late charges;

Next, to pay any other amounts due under this Security Instrument; and;

Next, to reduce the principal balance of No Note.

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If Lender receives a payment from me for a late Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the late Periodic Payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is due, Lender may apply any payment received from me first, to the repayment of the Periodic Payment that are due first, and to the extent that such payment can be held in full; Next, to the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one, or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due.

Voluntary prepayments will be applied in follows: First, to my prepayment charges; and Next, as described in the Note.

Any application of payment, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal plus under the Note will not extend or postpone the due date of the Periodic Payments, or change the interest of those payments.

3. Monthly Payments for Taxes and Insurance:

(a) Borrower's Obligations:

I will pay to Lender all amounts necessary to pay for taxes, assessments, water charges, sewer rents, and other similar charges, ground leasehold payments or rents (if any), hazard or property insurance covering the Property, flood insurance (if any), and any required Mortgage Insurance, or a Loss Reserve as described in Section 10, in the place of mortgage insurance. Each Periodic Payment will include an amount to be applied toward payment of the following items which are called "Escrow Items":

(1) The taxes, assessments, water charges, sewer rents and other similar charges, on the Property which under Applicable Law may be subject to this Security Instrument as a Lien on the Property. Any claim, demand or charge, that is made against property because no obligation has not been fulfilled is known as a "Lien".

(2) The leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property (if any);

(3) The premium for non and all insures required by Lender under Section 3 of this Security Instrument;

(4) The premium for Mortgage Insurance (if any);

(5) The amounts I may be required to pay Lender under Section 10 of this Security Instrument toward the payment of the premium for Mortgage Insurance (if any); and

(6) If required by Lender, the amount for my Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments.

After applying the Note, or at any time during its term, Lender may include these amounts in Escrow Items. The monthly payment I will make for Escrow Items will be based on Lender's estimate of the annual amount required.

I will pay all of these amounts to Lender unless Lender tells me, in writing, that I do not have to do so, or under Applicable Law requires otherwise. I will make these payments on the same day that my Periodic Payment of principal and interest are due under the Note.

The amounts due I pay to Lender for Escrow Items under this Section 3 will be called "Escrow Funds." I will pay Lender the Escrow Funds for the new items under Lender unless my obligation to pay the Escrow Funds for any or all Escrow Items, Lender may waive my obligation to pay to Lender Escrow Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver must be in writing. In the event of such waiver, I will pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Escrow Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, will promptly send to Lender receipt showing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. My obligation to make such payments with such time period as Lender may require, my obligation to make such payments and to provide evidence will be considered in my promise and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the interest, promises and agreements⁴ is used in Section 9 of this Security Instrument. If I am obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and I fail to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may pay that amount and I will then be obligated under Section 9 of this Security Instrument to repay to Lender. Lender may revoke this waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in possession, with Section 15 of this Security Instrument and, upon the revocation, I will pay to Lender all Escrow Funds, and in amounts that are then required under this Section 3.

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I promise to promptly tend to Lender any notice that I receive of Escrow Item amounts to be paid. Lender will estimate from time to time the amount of Escrow Funds I will have to pay by using existing statements and bills and reasonable estimates of the amount I will have to pay for Escrow Items in the future, unless Applicable Law requires Lender to use another method for determining the amount I am to pay.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Escrow Funds in an amount sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Escrow Funds at the time specified under RESPA. Applicable Law puts limits on the total amount of Escrow Funds Lender can at any time collect and hold. This total amount cannot be more than the maximum amount a Lender could require under RESPA. If there is another Applicable Law that requires a lower limit on the total amount of Escrow Funds Lender can collect and hold, Lender will be limited to the lower amount.

(b) Lender's Obligations:

Lender will keep the Escrow Funds in a savings or banking institution which has its deposits insured by a Federal agency, bankability, or entity in the Federal Home Loan Bank. If Lender is such a savings or banking institution, Lender may hold the Escrow Funds. Lender will use the Escrow Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time required under RESPA or other Applicable Law. Lender will give to me, without charge, an account recording of the Escrow Funds. This accounting will show all additions to and deductions from the Escrow Funds and the reason for each deduction.

Lender may not charge me for holding or keeping the Escrow Funds, for using the Escrow Funds to pay Escrow Items, for making a yearly analysis of my payment of Escrow Funds, or for receiving, or for verifying and totaling statements and bills. However, Lender may charge me for these services if Lender pays me interest on the Escrow Funds and if Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Lender will not be required to pay me any interest or earnings on the Escrow Funds unless either (1) Lender and I agree in writing that Lender will pay interest on the Escrow Funds, or (2) Applicable Law requires Lender to pay interest on the Escrow Funds.

(c) Adjustment to the Escrow Funds:

Under Applicable Law, there is a limit on the amount of Escrow Funds Lender may hold. If the amount of Escrow Funds held by Lender exceeds this limit, then there will be an excess amount, and RESPA requires Lender to account to me in a special manner for this excess amount of Escrow Funds.

If, at any time, Lender has not received enough Escrow Funds to make the payment of Escrow Items when the payments are due, Lender may tell me in writing that an additional amount is necessary. I will pay to Lender whatever additional amount is necessary to pay the Escrow Items when the payments are due, but the number of payments will not be more than 12.

When I have paid all of the sums secured, Lender will promptly refund to me any Escrow Funds that are then being held by Lender.

4. Borrower's Obligation to Pay Charges, Assessments And Claims. I will pay all taxes, assessments, water charges, sewer rents and other similar charges and any other charges and taxes that may be imposed on the Property and that may be superior to this Security Instrument. I will also make prompt trials of payment due under my lease if I am a tenant on the Property and Community Association dues, fees, and assessments (if any) due on the Property. If these items are Escrow Items, I will do this by making the payments as described in Section 3 of this Security Instrument. In this Security Instrument, the word "Person" means any individual, organization, governmental authority or other party.

I will promptly pay or satisfy in full against the Property that may be superior to this Security Instrument. However, this Security Instrument does not require me to satisfy a superior lien in: (a) I agree, in writing, to pay the obligation which gave rise to the superior lien and Lender approves the way in which I agree to pay that obligation, but only so long as I am performing such agreement; (b) In good faith, I argue or defend against the superior lien in a lawsuit so that the Lender's opinion, during the lawsuit, the superior lien may not be enforced, but only until the lawsuit ends; or (c) I secure from the holder of the other lien an agreement, approved in writing by Lender, that the holder of this security

CC: CARRY (mm)

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Instrument is superior to the Lien held by that Person. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a superior Lien, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the superior Lien. Within 10 days of the date on which this notice is given, Borrower shall pay or satisfy the superior Lien or take care of most of the actions mentioned in this Section 4.

Lender also may require me to pay a continuing charge for an independent real estate tax reporting service used by Lender in connection with the Loan, unless Applicable Law does not permit Lender to make such a charge.

5. Borrower's Obligation to Maintain Hazard Insurance or Property Damages. I will obtain hazard or property insurance to cover all buildings and other improvements that now are, or in the future, will be located on the Property. The insurance will cover loss of damage caused by fire, hazards normally covered by "Hazardous Coverage" hazard insurance policies, and any other hazards for which Lender requires coverage. (Buildings, but not limited to earthquakes and floods). The insurance will be in the amount (including, but not limited to deductible levels) and for the portion of items required by Lender. What Lender requires under the last sentence can change during the term of the Loan. I may choose the insurance company, but my choice is subject to Lender's right to disapprove. Lender may not disapprove, my choice unless the disapproval is reasonable. Lender may require me to pay either (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and mapping services, or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent changes such that resubdivision or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect the flood zone determination or certification. If I disagree with the flood zone determination and I provide to my any fees charged by the Federal Emergency Management Agency for its review.

If I fail to maintain any of the insurance coverage described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and my expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage will cover Lender, but might or might not provide me, or any entity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any fire, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. I acknowledge that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that I could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 will become my additional debt required by this Security Instrument. These amounts will be subject to the interest rate set forth in the note from the date of disbursement and will be payable with such interest, upon notice from Lender to me requesting payment.

All of the insurance policies and renewals of these policies will include what is known as a Standard Mortgage Clause, as inserted by Lender and will name Lender as mortgagee and/or an additional loss payee. The form of all policies and renewals will be acceptable to Lender. Lender will have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, I will promptly give Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal policies that I receive.

If I establish any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy will include a Standard Mortgage Clause and will name Lender as mortgagee and/or an additional loss payee.

If there is a loss or damage to the Property, I will promptly notify the insurance company and Lender. If I do not promptly prove to the insurance company that the loss or damage occurred, then Lender may do so.

The amount paid by the insurance company for loss or damage to the Property is called "Insurance Proceeds." Unless Lender and I otherwise agree in writing, any Insurance Proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, will be used to repair or, if necessary, to replace the damaged Property under: (a) it is not reasonably feasible to make the repairs or replacement; (b) the use of the Insurance Proceeds for that purpose would waive the protection given to Lender by this Security Instrument; or (c) Lender and I have agreed in writing not to use the Insurance Proceeds for that purpose. During the period

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that my repairs or restorations are being made, Lender may hold my Insurance Proceeds until it has had an opportunity to inspect the Property to verify that the repair work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction. However, this inspection will be done promptly. Lender may make payments for the repairs via restoration in a single payment or in a series of partial payments as the work is completed. Unless Lender and I agree otherwise in writing or unless Applicable Law requires otherwise, Lender is not required to pay me any interest or earnings on the Insurance Proceeds. I will pay for any public adjusters or other third parties that I hire, and their fees will not be paid out of the Insurance Proceeds. If the repair or restoration is not economically feasible as it would lessen Lender's protection under this Security Instrument, then the Insurance Proceeds will be used to reduce the amount that I owe to Lender under this Security Instrument. Such Insurance Proceeds will be applied in the order provided for in Section 2. If any of the Insurance Proceeds remain after the amount that I owe to Lender has been paid in full, the remaining Insurance Proceeds will be paid to me.

If I abandon the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related interests. If I do not accept, within 30 days, a notice from Lender stating that the insurance company has offered to settle a claim, Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender insures the Property under Section 22 of this Security Instrument or otherwise, I give Lender my rights to any Insurance Proceeds in an amount not greater than the amount unpaid under the Note and this Security Instrument. I also give Lender any other of my rights (other than the right to any amount of unearned premium that I paid) under all insurance policies covering the Property, if the rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the Insurance Proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Borrower's Obligations During Occupancy of the Property. I will occupy the Property and use the Property as my principal residence within 60 days after I sign this Security Instrument. I will continue to occupy the Property and use the Property as my principal residence for at least one year. The one-year period will begin when I first occupy the Property. However, I will not have to occupy the Property and use the Property as my principal residence within the time frame set forth above if Lender agrees in writing that I do not have to do so. Lender may not refuse to agree unless the refusal is reasonable. I also will not have to occupy the Property and use the Property as my principal residence within the time frame set forth above if extraordinary circumstances exist which are beyond my control.

7. Borrower's Obligations to Maintain And Protect The Property And To Fulfill Any Lender Obligations.

(a) Maintenance and Protection of the Property.

I will not destroy, damage or harm the Property, and I will not allow the Property to deteriorate. Whether or not I am residing in the Property, I will keep the Property in good repair so that it will not deteriorate or decrease in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined under Section 3 of this Security Instrument that repair is not economically feasible, I will promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If Insurance or Condemnation (as defined in the definition of Insurance Proceeds) proceeds are held because of loss or damage to, or Condemnation of, the Property, I will repair or restore the Property only if Lender has released those proceeds for such purposes. Lender may pay for the repair and restoration out of proceeds in a single payment or in a series of partial payments as the work is completed. If the Insurance or Condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, I promise to pay for the completion of such repair or restoration.

(b) Lender's Inspection of Property.

Lender, and others authorized by Lender, may enter on and inspect the Property. They will do so in a reasonable manner and at reasonable times. If it has a reasonable purpose, Lender may inspect the walls of the home or other improvements on the Property. Before or at the time my inspection is made, Lender will give me notice and a reasonable purpose for such timely inspection.

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coverage rights becoming available through an insurer selected by Lender; (b) such Mortgage Insurance is obtained; (c) Lender requires repeatedly designated payments toward the premium for Mortgage Insurance; and (d) the Mortgage Insurance coverage is in the amount and for the period of time required by Lender.

If Lender requires Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make regular payments toward the premium for Mortgage Insurance, I will pay the Mortgage Insurance premium, or the Loss Reserve payment, until the requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends, according to any written agreement between Lender and me providing for such terminations or until termination of Mortgage Insurance is required by Applicable Law. Lender may require me to pay the premium, or the Loss Reserve payment, in the manner described in Section 3 of this Security Instrument. Noncompliance with this Section 10 will effect my obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

A Mortgage Insurance policy pays Lender for any entity that purchases the Note for bona fide losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance policy.

Mortgage Insurers assess their total risk on all Mortgage Insurances from time to time. Mortgage Insurers may enter into agreements with other parties to share or change their risk, or to reduce losses. These agreements are based on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the Mortgage Insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the Mortgage Insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the Mortgage Insurer may have available (which may include Mortgage Insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any owner of the Note, another trustee, my successor, or any other entity, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that come from a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance. In exchange for sharing or changing the Mortgage Insurer's risk, or reducing losses, if these agreements provide that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the affiliate is often termed "captive reinsurance." It also should be understood that (a) any of these agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. These agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund; and (b) any of these agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has, if any, regarding the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right (i) to receive certain disclosures, (ii) to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, (iii) to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated administratively, and (iv) to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were not earned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. *Agreements About Miscellaneous Proceeds*. Notwithstanding All Miscellaneous Proceeds are authorized to and will be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if (a) the restoration or repair is reasonably feasible, and (b) Lender's security given in this Security Instrument is not released. During such repair and restoration period, Lender will have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect the Property to verify that the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction. However, the time limit will be undelimited, promptly, Lender may pay for the repair and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of payments, provided as the work is completed. Unless Lender and I agree otherwise in writing or unless Applicable Law requires Lender to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender will not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not reasonably feasible or Lender's security given in this Security Instrument would be released, the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the Sum Secured, whether or not then due. The excess, if any, will be paid to me. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the Sum Secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the Sum Secured, whether or not then due. The excess, if any, will be paid to me.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or

greater than the amount of the Sum Secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in

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delay enforcing any of Lender's rights to modify, or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without first Person's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18 of this Security Instrument, any Person who takes over my rights or obligations under this Security Instrument by willing, and is approved by Lender in writing, will have all of my rights and will be obligated to keep all my promises and agreements made in this Security Instrument, however, will not be released from Borrower's obligations and liabilities under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees in such release in writing. Any Person who takes over Lender's rights or obligations under this Security Instrument will have all of Lender's rights and will be obligated to keep all of Lender's promises and agreements made in this Security Instrument except as provided under Section 20.

14. Legal Charges. Lender may charge me fees for services performed in connection with my default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to attorney fees, property inspection and valuation fees. With regard to other fees, the fact that this Security Instrument does not expressly prohibit that Lender may charge a certain fee does not mean that Lender cannot charge that fee. Lender may not charge fees that are prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Note is subject to Applicable Law which sets maximum loan charges, and that Applicable Law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Note exceed permitted limits: (a) any such loan charge will be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limits and (b) any amount already collected from me which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to me. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge, even if a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note. If I receive such a refund that is paid directly to me, I will waive my right to bring a lawsuit against Lender because of the overcharge.

15. Notices Required under this Security Instrument. All notices given by me or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument will be in writing. Any notices to me in connection with this Security Instrument is considered given to me when mailed by first class mail or when properly delivered to my notice address. Notices to any one Borrower will be made to all Borrowers. Under Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise, the notices addressed to the address of the Property under a given notice to Lender or a different address, I will promptly notify Lender of my change of address. If Lender notifies a procedure for notifying my change of address, then I will only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument or any one line. Any notices to Lender will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address listed on the first page of this Security Instrument unless Lender has given me notice of another address. Any notices in connection with this Security Instrument is given to Lender when it is actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Law That Governs this Security Instrument. Word Usage. This Security Instrument is governed by federal law and the law of New York State. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence does not mean that Lender and I cannot agree by contract. If my term or this Security Instrument or of the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, the conflict will not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can operate, or be given effect, without the conflicting provision. This means that the Security Instrument or the Note will remain as if the conflicting provision did not exist.

As used in this Security Instrument: (i) words of the masculine gender mean words including corresponding words of the feminine and neuter genders; (ii) words in the singular mean and include the plural, and words in the plural mean and include the singular; and (iii) the word "any" shall mean thereon without any limitation to take any article.

17. Borrower's Copy. I will be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Agreements about Lender's Rights. If the Property is sold or transferred, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument if all or any part of the Property, or if my right in the Property, is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission.

19. Satisfied by me:

7/15/2012

Form 3622 NY

If Borrower is not a natural Person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written permission, Lender has the right to require immediate payment in full. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender requires Immediate Payment in full under the Section 16, Lender will give me a notice which states this requirement. The notice will give me at least 30 days to make the required payment. The 30-day period will begin on the date the notice is given to me in the manner required by Section 16 of this Security Instrument, 16.1 do not make the required payment within the period, Lender may act to enforce its rights under this Security Instrument without giving me any further notice or demand for payment.

19. Borrower's Right to Have Lender's Enforcement of this Security Instrument Discontinued. Even if Lender has required Immediate Payment in full, I may have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument stopped. I will have this right at any time before the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property under any power of sale granted by this Security Instrument; (b) another period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of my right to have enforcement of the Note stopped; or (c) a judgment has been entered enjoining this Security Instrument. In order to have this right, I will meet the following conditions:

- (a) I pay to Lender the full amount that then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note at if Immediate Payment in full has never been required;
- (b) I correct my failure to keep copy of my other promissory or agreements made in this Security Instrument;
- (c) I pay all of Lender's reasonable expenses in enforcing this Security Instrument including, for example, reasonable attorney fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and
- (d) I do whatever Lender reasonably requires to ensure that Lender's interest in the Property and right under this Security Instrument and my obligations under the Note and under this Security Instrument continue unchanged.

Lender may require that I pay the costs and expenses mentioned in (a) through (d) in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (b) cash, (b) money order, (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumental or entity, or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

If I fail to do all of the conditions in the Section 19, then this Security Instrument will remain in full effect as if Immediate Payment in full had never been required. However, I will not have the right to have Lender's enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued if Lender has required Immediate Payment in full under Section 16 of this Security Instrument.

20. Note Holder's Right to Sell the Note or an Interest in the Note. Borrower's Right to Notice of Change of Loan Servicer. Lender's and Borrower's Right to Notice of Change. The Note, or an interest in the Note, together with this Security Instrument, may be sold one or more times. I might not receive any prior notice of these sales.

The entity that collects the Periodic Payments and performs other managing loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law is called the "Loan Servicer." There may be a change of the Loan Servicer as a result of the sale of the Note. There also may be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. Applicable Law requires that I be given written notice of any change of the Loan Servicer. The notice will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, and also tell me the address to which I should make my payments. The notice also will contain any other information required by RESPA or Applicable Law. If the Note is sold and transferred the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the managing loan servicing obligation is not will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and is not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Whether I or Lender may commence, join or be joined to any court action (or other action in individual or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's failure pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other has not fulfilled any of its obligations under this Security Instrument, unless the other is notified in the manner required under Section 16 of this Security Instrument of the unfulfilled obligation and given a reasonable time period to take corrective action if

CRSP-CA101Y (1124)

20163-11

Form 3452 1/95

Applicable Law provides a time period which will elapse before certain notices can be given, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to me under Section 22 and the notice of the intent to pay off in full given in no under Section 22 will be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 22. All rights under this paragraph are subject to Applicable Law.

31. **Continuation of Borrower's Obligation to Maintain and Protect the Property.** The federal laws and the laws of New York State that relate to health, safety or environmental protection are called "Environmental Law". Environmental Law includes certain regulations as well as laws. There are other substances that are considered hazardous for purposes of this Section 21. These substances are gasoline, hexane, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials. The substances defined as toxic or hazardous by Environmental Law and the substances so defined hereinafter for purposes of this Section 21 are called "Hazardous Substances". "Environmental Cleanup" includes any purpose, action, removal, testing, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law. An "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

I will not do anything that affects the Property that violates Environmental Law, and I will not allow anyone else to do so. I will not cause or permit Hazardous Substances to be present on the Property. I also will not dispose of Hazardous Substances on the Property, and I will not allow anyone else to do so. I also will not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property that (a) is in violation of any Environmental Law; (b) creates an Environmental Condition or (c) which, due to the existence, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The principles in this paragraph do not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized as appropriate for normal residential use and maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, Hazardous Substances in consumer products). I may use or store these small quantities on the Property. In addition, under Environmental Law, unless removal or other action is taken, the buildings, the improvements and the fixtures on the Property are permitted to contain asbestos and asbestos-containing materials. If the asbestos and asbestos-containing materials are unshielded and "free-finish" (as it is not easily removed by hand pressure).

I will promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, comment, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substances or Environmental Law of which I have actual knowledge; (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to my spillings, bodily discharges, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substances and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property, in reason, or any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, notifies me that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substances affecting the Property is necessary. I will promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law.

Notwithstanding the terms of this Security Instrument creates an obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS

I also provide and agree with Lender as follows:

32. **Condemnation Rights to Recoverer Part in-Step Priorities and Agreements.** Notwithstanding Section 16 of this Security Instrument, if all the conditions stated in subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this Section 22 are met, Lender may require that I pay immediately the entire amount then remaining unpaid under the Note and under this Security Instrument. Lender may do this without incurring any further demand for payment. This requirement is called "Immediate Payment in Full."

If Lender requires Immediate Payment in Full, Lender may bring a lawsuit to take away all of my remaining rights in the Property and have the Property sold. At this date, Lender or another

010-48187-028

Form 5005-1081

10/04 Form 5005-1081

Person may require the Property. This is known as "Foreclosure and Sale." In any lawsuit for Foreclosure and Sale, Lender will have the right to collect all costs and disbursements and additional allowances allowed by Applicable Law and will have the right to add all reasonable attorney's fees to the amount I owe Lender, which becomes part of the items sought.

Lender may require immediate payment in full under this Section 23 only if all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) I fail to keep any promise or agreement made in this Security Instrument or the Note, including, but not limited to, the promise to pay the sum secured when due, or if another default occurs under this Security Instrument;
- (2) Lender sends to me, in the manner described in Section 15 of this Security Instrument, a notice that states:

 - (1) The promise or agreement that I failed to keep or the default that has occurred;
 - (2) The action that I must take to correct that default;
 - (3) A date by which I must correct the default. That date will be at least 30 days from the date on which the notice is given;
 - (4) That if I do not correct the default by the date stated in the notice, Lender may require immediate payment in full, and Lender or another Person may acquire the Property by means of Foreclosure and Sale;
 - (5) That if I meet the conditions stated in Section 19 of this Security Instrument, I will have the right to have Lender's enforcement of this Security Instrument stopped and to have the Note and this Security Instrument remain fully effective; if immediate payment is not had when then required; and
 - (6) That I have the right in my name or Name and Surname that I am keep my promises and agreements under the Note and under this Security Instrument, and to present any other default that I may have had;

(6) I do not correct the default stated in the notice from Lender by the date stated in that notice.

23. Lender's Obligation to Discharge this Security Instrument. When Lender has been paid all amounts due under the Note and under this Security Instrument, Lender will discharge this Security Instrument by delivering a certificate stating that this Security Instrument has been satisfied. I will pay all costs of recording the discharge in the proper official records. I agree to pay a fee for the discharge of this Security Instrument. If Lender so requires, Lender may require that I pay such a fee, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted by Applicable Law.

24. Agreement about New York Lien Law. I will receive all money due to me by Lender subject to the last four provisions of Section 13 of the New York Lien Law. This means that I will (a) hold all amounts which I receive and which I have a right to receive from Lender under the Note as a trust fund; and (b) use those amounts to pay for "Cost of Improvement" (as defined in Section 13 of the New York Lien Law) before I use them for any other purpose. The fact that I am holding these amounts as a trust fund means that, for any building or other improvement located on the Property, I have a special responsibility under the law to use the amount in the number described in this Section 24.

25. Borrower's Statement Regarding the Property (check box as applicable):

This Security Instrument covers real property improved, or to be improved, by a one or two family dwelling only.

This Security Instrument covers real property principally improved, or to be improved, by one or more residential dwellings, in the aggregate, not more than six residential dwelling units with each dwelling unit having its own separate cooking facilities.

This Security Instrument does not cover real property improved as described above.

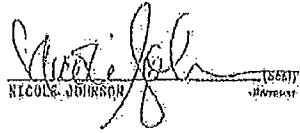
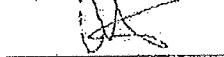
Q32-47(PW)1011

10/2004

Form 9030-1011

BY SHONAKI BIDWAL, I accept and agree to the promises and agreements contained in pages 1 through 17 of this Security Instrument and in any Rider signed by me and recorded with it.

Witness:



NICOLE JOHNSON
SARAH
MORTGAGE
SERVICES

(Seal)
Witness

SHONAKI BIDWAL

NICOLE JOHNSON

Wife 18811831

C

Loan No. *Nicole Johnson*

Date 11/20/08

LOAN MODIFICATION AGREEMENT

THIS LOAN IS PAYABLE IN FULL AT MATURITY. YOU MUST REPAY THE ENTIRE PRINCIPAL BALANCE ON THIS LOAN AND UNPAID INTEREST UPON DUE. LENDER IS UNDER NO OBLIGATION TO REFINANCE THE LOAN AT THAT TIME. YOU WILL, THEREFORE, BE REQUIRED TO MAKE PAYMENT OUT OF OTHER ASSETS THAT YOU MAY OWN, OR YOU WILL HAVE TO FIND A LENDER, WHICH MAY BE THE LENDER YOU HAVE THIS LOAN WITH, WILLING TO LEND YOU THE MONEY. IF YOU REFINANCE THIS LOAN AT MATURITY, YOU MAY HAVE TO PAY SOME OR ALL OF THE CLOSING COSTS NORMALLY ASSOCIATED WITH A NEW LOAN EVEN IF YOU OBTAIN REFINANCING FROM THE SAME LENDER.

This Loan Modification Agreement ("Modification"), is entered into and effective August 26, 2008, between NICOLE JOHNSON ("Borrower," whether one or more), and EMC Mortgage Corporation ("LENDER"), as lender for Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as trustee under the applicable agreement ("Lender's") current holder of the Note and Mortgage/Deed of Trust/Security Agreement of Retail Installment Contract (collectively referred to as the "Loan Agreement") dated December 18, 2006, in the amount of \$20,330.00, (existing property located at 10 WILKES ST, BEACON, NEW YORK 12572 (Property)).

In consideration of the mutual, number and agreements exchanged, Borrower and Lender agree to amend and supplement the Loan Agreement, as follows:

1. UNPAID PRINCIPAL BALANCE. As of August 26, 2008, the unpaid principal balance under the Loan Agreement is \$20,330.00. Borrower's unpaid principal amount are offset for taxes and expenses such as taxes, insurance, premiums and other fees and costs totaling \$17,261.59. This amount is added to the unpaid principal balance. The new unpaid principal balance is \$2,068.41 ("Unpaid Principal Balance").

2. PROMISE TO PAY. Borrower promises to pay the Unpaid Principal Balance, plus interest, to the order of Lender, Borrower shall send the monthly payment directly to EMC Mortgage Corporation, Post Office Box 660733, Dallas, TX 75266-0733, or at such other place as Lender or EMC may designate in writing.

3. TERM. The Note originally due on January 1, 2012 ("Maturity Date"). If the Maturity Date is extended or reduced the Loan Agreement is likewise extended or reduced. If on January 1, 2012, Borrower fails to deposit under the Loan Agreement or the Modification, Borrower will pay three months in full on the Maturity Date.

4. INTEREST RATE AND PAYMENT AMOUNT. Interest will be charged on the Unpaid Principal Balance at the original rate of 6.999% from August 1, 2008. Borrower promises to pay monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$1,378.03 (this figure does not include escrow), beginning September 1, 2008, and on the same day of each month thereafter.

The interest will be Borrower will pay any change on July 1, 2007 (the Interest Change Date), and on (each) date every 6 months thereafter until the entire amount due and payable under the terms of the Loan Agreement and this Modification are paid in full.

The amount of Borrower's monthly payment will change on August 1, 2013 (the Payment Change Date), and on (each) date every 6 months thereafter. All other terms and provisions in the Loan Agreement, including, but not relating to any change or adjustment in the rate of interest payable under the Loan Agreement, remain in full force and effect unless stated otherwise below.

4.1 EXTENDED FIXED RATE PERIOD. Borrower acknowledges that the above Interest Change Date may represent an interest rate reset. Once the established period passes, the interest rate and payment will return to the term as defined in paragraph 4 above. The Lender will notify the Borrower of the present amount prior to the date that the monthly payment will change.

5. ESCROW, TAXES, AND INSURANCE. Borrower will comply with all other covenants, agreements, terms, conditions, and requirements of the Loan Agreement, including, without limitation, the Borrower's conditional and express consent to make all payments of property taxes, insurance premiums, assessments, escrow fees, liens, judgments and all other expenses that Borrower is obligated to pay under the terms of the Loan Agreement. In the event Borrower is not obligated under the terms of the Loan Agreement to make payment of property taxes, insurance premiums, doctor's carfare, license, if applicable and in consideration of this Modification, Lender may require the Borrower to make additional monthly payments that include property taxes, insurance premiums and/or escrow items.

6. INTEREST ACCRUAL. If applicable, all terms and provisions of any reference to interest accrual methods commonly referred to as "fully simple interest" or "30 day interest" whether specified in the Loan Agreement or elsewhere, are canceled. Borrower agrees that the interest accrual method is changed to the actual method of interest accrual.

7. ALL OTHER TERMS REMAIN UNCHANGED. Nothing in this Modification shall be construed to be a modification of, or in whole or in part of the Loan Agreement. Except as explicitly provided in this Modification, the Loan Agreement will remain unchanged and Borrower and Lender will be bound by, and comply with, all of the terms and provisions of the Loan Agreement, as amended by this Modification.

Data ID: 

Loan No: 

8. MANUFACTURED HOMES. For manufactured housing properties, Borrower agrees that the manufactured home has been affixed to the Property and will remain affixed throughout the term of the Loan Agreement and this Modification. If your Loan Agreement does not include real property, the above statement does not apply.

9. LOAN CHARGES. Borrower understands that Lender may have charged fees to the Borrower for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, if applicable, protecting Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under the Loan Agreement, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspections and valuation fees. Borrower understands and agrees that all or a portion of these fees may not be included in this Modification and remain due and owing by the Borrower.

This Modification is in effect upon execution by Borrower. If, however, corrections and/or amendments are needed for this Modification to correctly reflect the intent of all parties, Borrower agrees to sign documents evidencing the corrections and/or amendments and agrees to return the necessary document(s) to Lender or EMC in a timely manner.

Date: Sept 3, 2008


NICOLE JOHNSON — Borrower

EMC Mortgage Corporation, Servicing agent for Wells Fargo Bank N.A. as Trustee under the applicable agreement

By: P. Johnson

Its: VP

Loan No: **████████**
Borrower: NICOLE J. JOHNSON

Date ID: **████████**

COMPLIANCE AGREEMENT

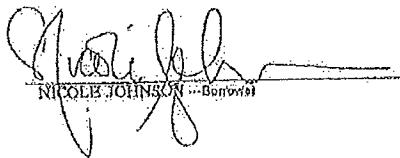
In consideration of Wells Fargo Bank N.A. as Trustee under the applicable agreement ("Lender") extending funds (the "Loan"), in connection with the closing of the property located at
149 WILKES ST

BEACON, NEW YORK 12508
(the "Closing"),
the undersigned ("Borrower") agrees, upon request of Lender, its successors or assigns, ("Note Holder"), or upon request of any person acting on behalf of Note Holder, to fully cooperate with Note Holder or such person to correct any inaccurate term or provision of, mistake in, or omission from any document associated with the Closing.
Borrower further agrees to execute such documents or take such action as Note Holder or such person acting on behalf of Note Holder reasonably may deem necessary (including without limitation the correction of any such inaccuracy, mistake, or omission) as will enable Note Holder to sell, convey, seek payment of, or market the Loan to any entity, including without limitation an investor, the Federal-National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Department of Veterans Affairs, or any bonding authority.

Borrower further agrees to comply with any such request within a reasonable period of time as specified by Note Holder or by such person acting on behalf of Note Holder. Failure to comply shall constitute default under the Note and Security Instrument that evidence the Loan, and Note Holder may pursue its available remedies.

BY SIGNING BELOW BORROWER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT BORROWER FULLY UNDERSTANDS THIS COMPLIANCE AGREEMENT OR OTHERWISE HAS SOUGHT THE ADVICE OF COUNSEL.

Date: Sept 3, 2008


NICOLE JOHNSON Borrower

Loan No: ~~123456789~~
Borrower: NICOLE JOHNSON

Date: 08/16/2003

EMC
Mortgage Corporation

NICOLE JOHNSON
149 WILKES ST
BRAZON, NY 12508
RE: EMC Loan
Property Address: 149 WILKES ST
BRAZON, NEW YORK 12508

August 16, 2003

Dear Borrower(s):

EMC Mortgage Corporation (EMC) is pleased to extend your modification agreement ("Agreement") entitled the terms of your note and mortgage. Here are the details of your Agreement:

- The total amount due in certified funds to modify your loan is \$0.00 (see detail below). Please note this Agreement will not be honored without receipt of these funds.

Amount due in certified funds:

Recoverable Advances ³	\$1,233.00
Interest Advances ⁴	\$4,057.70
Total Recoverable Advances	\$5,290.70
Less Funds Held in Suspense	\$1,610.00
Total Due from Borrower	\$3,680.70

- The Unpaid Principal Balance of your loan will be adjusted as follows:

Current Unpaid Principal Balance ⁵	\$10,501.63
Accrued Interest	\$13,992.56
Interest Advances ⁴	\$000.00
Required Escrow ⁶	\$2,707.25
Adjusted Unpaid Principal Balance	\$32,199.44

- Your new due date, upon signing and returning this Agreement will be September 1, 2003.
- The new unpaid principal and interest amount will be \$12,000.00 plus service funds of \$300.00 for a new total monthly payment amount of \$12,300.00. This amount is subject to change, however, if there is an increase or decrease in your taxes or insurance premiums, or other similar items.
- When EMC receives your signed Agreement and required certified funds on or before September 2, 2003, your next monthly payment is the amount of \$1,670.00 not to due on September 1, 2003.

Please review this Agreement, and if you agree with its terms, sign and date where indicated and return the ENTIRE modification agreement (all pages) in the enclosed express carrier envelope on or before September 2, 2003. Retain the additional copy provided for your records. EMC may withdraw this modification offer if the signed Agreement and required certified funds are not received by this date.

Should you have any questions regarding this letter, the Information packet to it, or the Loan Modification Agreement, please feel free to contact EMC at 1-877-364-3520.

Sincerely,

Loan Workout Department

This is an attempt to collect a debt. Any information obtained may be used for that purpose.

- Print this form on a separate page and mail to the borrower's residence to collect regular bank fees.
- It is not necessary to print multiple copies of this letter if you are sending it to more than one borrower.
- Please be sure to enclose regular fees (such as the cost of FAX fees) that have been deposited to your account.

500 Main Highway, 121 Bldg
Laredo, TX 78040-4179
MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 209759, Dallas, TX 75260-0179

D



Duchess County Clerk Recording Page

Record & Rollin To:

BLUE TITLE SERVS LLC
30 W BROAD ST. STE 102
Rochester, NY 14614

Date Recorded: 03/08/2010

Time Recorded: 3:44:00

Document #101 2010 592A

Recorded From: BLUE TITLE LLC

Mortgagor: PREMONT INVESTMENT & LOAN
Mortgagee: WELLS FARGO BANK NA

Recorded In: Assignment of Mortgage
Original Mortgagor: JOHNSON, NICOLE

Examined and Charged As Follows:

Recording Charge: \$80.00

Number of Pages: 2

08-2004

** Do Not Delete This Page
*** This Is Not A Bill

County Clerk By: [Signature]
Recall #: R12007
Batch Record: 090

Bradford Kendall
County Clerk



0120592A

Boiled
filmed

ASSIGNMENT OF MORTGAGE

BLUE TITLE SERVICES, LLC
30 W. BRIGGS ST., SUITE 102
OLD CITY HALL, IRVING PLACE
ROCHESTER, NY 14614

County of Dutchess, State of New York

Autipor, Mortgaga Electronic Registration Systems, Inc., as manager for Prentor Investments & Loan, 3300 SW 34th Avenue Suite 301, Ocala, FL 34474

Adjunct, Wally Varga, Rank: N/A, as Trustee for the Certificateholders of Certiplyx Mortgage Corp. Trust, Series 2007-1 PREI A-Ret-Stacked Pass-Through Certificates, 3476 Stationary Boulevard, Ft. Mill, SC 29715

Original Lender: Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc., on behalf of Franklin Investment & Loan

Monetary award by NICOLE JOHNSON dated as 18th day of December, 2018 in the amount of Two hundred and Sixty two thousand eight hundred and forty dollars (\$262,880.00) and interest recorded on the 18th day of March, 2018 in the Office of the Clerk of the County of DUVAL, FLORIDA Certificate/Deed Number 01/2018-2204.

Tkli bukl spottiggo bisu not beccu diktorwiko parlyingi.

Property Address: 149 WILKES STREET, BEACON, NY 12508
SBL #6053-77-013072

know that all men by said Person in consideration of the sum of One and No^o 100 Dollars and other good valuable consideration, paid to the above named Person, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged the said Article hereby made, and the above named Person the said Attorney, and the full benefit of all the power and authority so contained and provided therein contained, and the said Attorney hereby grants and conveys unto the said Person, the aforesaid beneficial interest under the Mortgage.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the said Mortgage, and also the said property unto the said Assignee forever, subject to the terms contained in said Mortgage.

This Assignment is not subject to the requirement of Section 275 of the Real Property Law because it is within the category mortgage transfers.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Assignor has caused these presents to be signed by his duly authorized officer this 22 day of September, 1960.

WARRIOR OF

**Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc., as
Administrator for Government Interests in Loans**

State of Ohio
County of Franklin
On the 20 day of January in the year 1861 before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for said
State and personally appeared Stalder, Smith, personally known to me or proved to me on the
basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual(s) whose name(s) is (are) subscribed to the within instrument and
known to me to be the individual(s) who executed the same in his/her/their respective(s), and that the individual(s) signature(s) on
the instrument, is (are) the person(s) upon behalf of which the individual(s) acted, excepted the instrument and that
said individual made due appearance before the undersigned in the Ohio, Franklin County
and did subscribe and sign the same in my presence before me. (A facsimile signature is taken outside of New York State)

January 1970



Wenona S. Church
Italy River, State of Ohio
My Complaint Expires
08-21-12

Exhibit B

From Consumer-Defendant In Error:
Nicole Johnson-Gellineau
149 Wilkes Street
Beacon, New York 12508

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF DUTCHESS

WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, AS TRUSTEE FOR CARRINGTON MORTGAGE LOAN TRUST, SERIES 2007-FRE1, ASSET-BACKED PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES, Plaintiff Index NO.: 3344/2013
Plaintiff CONSUMER NOTICE OF
DISPUTE OF DEBT,
15 U.S.C. § 1692g

-vs-

NICOLE JOHNSON, et al.,
Defendants

-----X

To: CHASE (Alleged Servicer)
P.O. Box 183166
Columbus, Ohio 43218-3166;

STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.
187 East Main Street
Huntington, NY 11743;

CHRISTOPHER VIRGA, ESQ.
STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.
187 East Main Street
Huntington, NY 11743;

TODD W. CARPENTER, ESQ.
4 Liberty Street
Poughkeepsie, NY 12601

Herein "you" or "Debt Collectors," 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).

Notice to agent is notice to principal, and notice to principal is notice to agent.

2016 JAN 12 PM 4:12
DUTCHES COUNTY
RECEIVERSHIP
DIVISION
CLERK'S OFFICE

I received your mailed communication, Notice of Hearing & Referee's Oath & Report dated December 24, 2015, within the past 30 days in relation to the collection of an alleged debt. (Foreclosure is debt collection.) Your communication fails to disclose that you are a debt collector per 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(11) and contains threats to foreclose on my property to harass, oppress, and abuse me in connection with the collection of a debt, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692d, 1692e(4), (5). You do not have my prior consent or express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction to communicate with me or the Court. (See 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692c(a)-(b).)

I am a "consumer" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3). You and the purported Plaintiff, WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, AS TRUSTEE FOR CARRINGTON MORTGAGE LOAN TRUST, SERIES 2007-FRE1, ASSET-BACKED PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES "REMIC") are "debt collector" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6), and you are attempting to collect a household "debt" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5).

Please take notice that I, an unrepresented Consumer, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692g, federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (FDCPA), hereby dispute the alleged debt you are attempting to collect. I dispute as to the identity of the true owner (if any) of this alleged debt and your alleged authority and capacity to collect and or sue on behalf of the same; I dispute the purported "account" and amount due and owing, I dispute all data and all signatures appearing on your documents.

I also dispute the debt as one that is not owed. In fact, on March 3, 2008 I mailed to alleged creditor Fremont Investment & Loan a "TILA Notice of Rescission," signed by me, providing written notice of my intention to immediately rescind the transaction pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1635(a) and (f), a copy of which I am hereby requesting from you. Whatever debt Debt Collectors think they have was canceled by operation of law under the Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1601 et seq. Therefore, I have reason to believe that Debt Collectors are taking State action that is inconsistent with federal law they cannot legally take.

None of the communications from you or your purported Plaintiff contain, and I never received, the notice required by 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a) to begin the 30-day period in which to demand verification of the debt. The initial public notice purported to be an Assignment of Mortgage in default did not contain the notice. Your lis pendens does not contain the notice. I had a right to receive, but never

received, that notice. See 15 U.S.C. § 1692e(11). I never gave my prior consent, given directly to you, to communicate in such an inconvenient place as the county clerk's office and you did not have express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction to record those notices. You caused me the actual damages equal to but not limited to the impairment of my marketable title to my home and other actual damages and you may be held directly and vicariously liable.

I require "verification" and debt validation as defined by 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692g(a) and (b) prior to any further action by you. Send written notice containing the following information:

What is the amount of the debt?

What is the name of the creditor to whom the debt is owed?

When did I give my prior consent directly to you to communicate with me and the Court?

Did you obtain express permission from a court of competent jurisdiction to communicate with me and the Court?

Did you obtain any of my information from a debt collector?

Did you obtain the debt from a debt collector?

Was the debt in default at the time it was obtained by you and the purported Plaintiff?

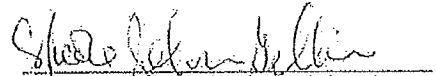
Provide the "original account-level documentation" of the debt, reviewed by you, as required by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB). According to the CFPB, if the original creditor is unable to verify the debt, then the debt collector cannot pursue the claim. Therefore if you are unable to obtain and provide such verification under penalty of perjury (the required "verification"), you must:

* * * CEASE AND DESIST COLLECTION EFFORTS. * * *

AT ALL TIMES AND ALL PLACES, AND BY ANY MEANS, IT IS INCONVENIENT FOR ME TO RECEIVE YOUR COMMUNICATION UNLESS

YOU PROVIDE VERIFICATION IN THAT COMMUNICATION. OTHERWISE, MY LABOR FEES BEGIN AT \$10,000.00 PER MONTH WITHOUT VERIFICATION, AND AN ADDITIONAL \$5000.00 FOR EACH FURTHER COMMUNICATION WITHOUT VERIFICATION.

IMPORTANT DISCLOSURE: This notice to you is pursuant to "private right of action" granted by Congress to enforce compliance with the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692k; your failure to satisfy this request pursuant to your duty and obligation under the Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692g(a) and (b), will be construed as your absolute waiver of any and all claims against me and my property, and your tacit agreement that you waive all affirmative defenses, and your agreement to compensate me for my time at my reasonable daily rate, labor, costs, and legal fees in prosecuting this private right of action.



Nicole Johnson-Gellineau,
Consumer Defendant In Error
149 Wilkes Street
Beacon, New York 12508

From Consumer-Defendant In Error:
Nicole Johnson-Gellineau
149 Wilkes Street
Beacon, New York 12508

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF DUTCHESS

-----X
WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION, AS TRUSTEE FOR
CARRINGTON MORTGAGE LOAN TRUST,
SERIES 2007-FRE1, ASSET-BACKED
PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES,
Plaintiff

Index NO.: 3344/2013

AFFIDAVIT OF
NICOLE JOHNSON-GELLINNEAU

-vs-

NICOLE JOHNSON, et al.,
Defendants

-----X
STATE OF NEW YORK)
)
 ss
COUNTY OF DUTCHESS)

Nicole Johnson-Gellineau, being first duly sworn,
deposes and says:

I make this affidavit upon my own first-hand personal
knowledge.

I am named as the Defendant NICOLE JOHNSON in the
above-captioned matter.

I had a consumer transaction (the "transaction") with
Fremont Investment & Loan on December 18, 2006 seeking to
borrow \$262,880.00 for household purposes.

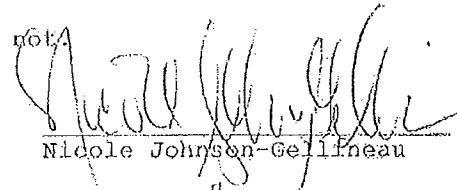
On March 3, 2008 I mailed to alleged creditor Fremont Investment & Loan a "TILA Notice of Rescission," my signed written notice of my intention to immediately rescind the transaction pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1635(a) and (f) for Fremont's failure to satisfy TILA's disclosure requirements.

Neither Fremont nor any other entity responded to the TILA Notice of Rescission or filed suit against me, or returned the note canceled, or filed a satisfaction of mortgage, or made a return of my money following rescission.

The above-captioned action is an attempt to collect the debt arising under the transaction.

As of this time I have not found a copy of my TILA Notice of Rescission and I have requested copies of the same from the debt collectors as can be seen from my previous Notice of Dispute filed in this Court.

Further affiant sayeth not.



Nicole Johnson-Gellineau

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 12th day of January, 2016.

Notary Public

VERNON S FOOTE
Lic. #01FO6138126
Notary Public-State of New York
Qualified in Orange County
COMM. EXP. 12/11/2011

AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

Nicole Johnson-Gellineau, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: I make this affidavit upon my own first-hand personal knowledge.

A copy of the foregoing Consumer Notice of Dispute of Debt, 15 U.S.C. § 1692g and Affidavit of Nicole Johnson-Gellineau has been sent by Certified U.S. Mail, Return Receipt Requested, this ____ day of January 2016, to the following:

CHASE
P.O. Box 183166
Columbus, Ohio 43218-3166;

Cert. Mail# 7014 2120 0001 9932 5204

STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.
187 East Main Street
Huntington, NY 11743;

Cert. Mail# 7014 2120 0001 9932 5198

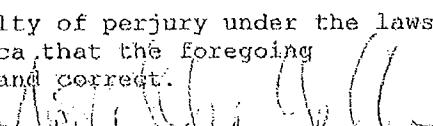
CHRISTOPHER VIRGA, ESQ.
STIENE & ASSOCIATES, P.C.
187 East Main Street
Huntington, NY 11743;

Cert. Mail# 7014 2120 0001 9932 5211

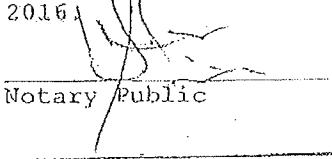
TODD W. CARPENTER, ESQ.
4 Liberty Street
Poughkeepsie, NY 12601

Cert. Mail# 7014 2120 0001 9932 5228

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing Affidavit of Service is true and correct.


Nicole Johnson-Gellineau
149 Wilkes Street
Beacon, New York 12508

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 12 day of January, 2016.


Notary Public

VERNON S FOOT
Lic. #01FO6138126
Notary Public-State of New York
Qualified in Orange County
COMM. EXP. 12/12/17

2016 JAN 12 PM 4:12
JUDGE REC'D COPIED
CLERK REC'D COPIED
RECORDED COPIED
INDEXED COPIED

BEACON WFO
BEACON, New York
125089998
3690960201-0098
01/12/2016 (800)275-8777 09:15:32 PM

Sales Receipt		
Product Description	Sale Unit Qty	Final Price
COLUMBUS OH 43218-3166		\$0.49
Zone-4		
First-Class Mail Letter		
0.70 oz.		
Expected Delivery: Fri 01/15/16		
00 Certified Mail		\$3.45
USPS Certified Mail #: 70142120000199325204		
Return Receipt		\$2.80
Label #:		
9590952106150192201313		
Issue Postage:		\$6.74
POUGHKEEPSIE NY 12601-3234		\$0.49
Zone-1		
First-Class Mail Letter		
1.00 oz.		
Expected Delivery: Thu 01/14/16		
00 Certified Mail		\$3.45
USPS Certified Mail #: 70142120000199325228		
Return Receipt		\$2.80
Label #:		
9590952106150192201320		
Issue Postage:		\$6.74
HUNTINGTON NY 11743-2921		\$0.71
Zone-2		
First-Class Mail Letter		
1.70 oz.		
Expected Delivery: Thu 01/14/16		
00 Certified Mail		\$3.45
USPS Certified Mail #: 70142120000199325198		
Return Receipt		\$2.80
Label #:		
9590952106150192201337		
Issue Postage:		\$6.96
HUNTINGTON NY 11743-2921		\$0.71
Zone-2		
First-Class Mail Letter		
1.20 oz.		
Expected Delivery: Thu 01/14/16		
00 Certified Mail		\$3.45
USPS Certified Mail #: 70142120000199325211		
Return Receipt		\$2.80
Label #:		
9590952106150192201344		
Issue Postage:		\$6.96

Dom. Money Order	\$56.00
20327014195	
Domestic Money Order Fee	\$1.25
Subtotal:	<u>\$57.25</u>
Total:	\$84.65

Paid by:
Debit Card \$84.65
Account #: XXXXXXXX00XXXX3941
Approval #: 028041
Transaction #: 430
23903610590
Receipt #: 002631

Text your tracking number to
28777 (2USPS) to get the latest
status. Standard Message and Data
rates may apply. You may also visit
USPS.com USPS Tracking or call
1-800-222-1811.

Order stamps at usps.com/shop or
call 1-800-Stamp24. Go to
usps.com/clicknship to print
shipping labels with postage. For
other information call
1-800-ASK-USPS.

Get your mail when and where you
want it with a secure Post Office
Box. Sign up for a box online at
usps.com/poboxes.

Bill#:1000203846257
Clerk:08

All sales final on stamps and postage
Refunds for guaranteed services only
Thank you for your business

HELP US SERVE YOU BETTER

TELL US ABOUT YOUR RECENT
POSTAL EXPERIENCE

Go to:
<https://postalexperience.com/Pos>
or scan this code with your mobile
device:

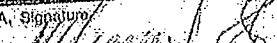


or call 1-800-410-7420.

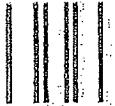
YOUR OPINION COUNTS

Customer Copy

SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> Complete Items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete Item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired.</p> 	
<p>1. Article Addressed to: TODD W. CARPENTER, ESQ. 4 Liberty Street Poughkeepsie, NY 12560</p>	
<p>2. Article Number 7014 2120 0001 9932 5228 <small>(Transfer from service label)</small></p>	
<p>PS Form 3811, February 2004 Domestic Return Receipt 102595-02-M-1540</p>	
COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY	
<p>A. Signature  <input type="checkbox"/> Agent <input type="checkbox"/> Addressee</p>	
<p>B. Received by (Printed Name) Todd W. Carpenter C. Date of Delivery 3/1/2013</p>	
<p>D. Is delivery address different from item 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <small>If YES, enter delivery address below: <input type="checkbox"/> No</small></p>	
<p>3. Service Type <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Express Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Registered <input type="checkbox"/> Return Receipt for Merchandise <input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail <input type="checkbox"/> C.O.D.</p>	
<p>4. Restricted Delivery? (Extra Fee) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes</p>	

SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> Complete Items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete Item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired.</p> 	
<p>1. Article Addressed to: CHASE P.O. BOX 183166 Columbus, OH 43218-3166</p>	
<p>2. Article Number 7014 2120 0001 9932 5204 <small>(Transfer from service label)</small></p>	
<p>PS Form 3811, February 2004 Domestic Return Receipt 102595-02-M-1540</p>	
COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY	
<p>A. Signature  <input type="checkbox"/> Agent <input type="checkbox"/> Addressee</p>	
<p>B. Received by (Printed Name) CHASE C. Date of Delivery 3/1/2013</p>	
<p>D. Is delivery address different from item 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <small>If YES, enter delivery address below: <input type="checkbox"/> No</small></p>	
<p>3. Service Type <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Express Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Registered <input type="checkbox"/> Return Receipt for Merchandise <input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail <input type="checkbox"/> C.O.D.</p>	
<p>4. Restricted Delivery? (Extra Fee) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes</p>	

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE
ALBANY
NY 12201
100-10000000000



First-Class Mail
Postage & Fees Paid
USPS
Permit No. G-10

• Sender, Please print your name, address, and ZIP+4 in this box •

NICOLE JOHNSON
149 WILKES STREET
BEACON, NY 12508

100-10000000000

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE



First-Class Mail
Postage & Fees Paid
USPS
Permit No. G-10

• Sender, Please print your name, address, and ZIP+4 in this box •

NICOLE JOHNSON
149 WILKES STREET
BEACON, NY 12508

1/28/2016

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Tracking Number: 70142120000199325198

On Time
Expected Delivery Day: Thursday, January 14, 2016

Product & Tracking Information

Postal Product:

First-Class Mail®

Features:

Certified Mail™

Return Receipt

Available Actions

Text Updates

Email Updates

Confirmation

70142120000199325198

Your request for all activity to-date will be processed within four hours. Any future activity will be processed whenever there is new delivery event activity.

Your confirmation will be sent to the following:

NikkiGeely@gmail.com

DATE & TIME	STATUS OF ITEM	LOCATION
January 14, 2016, 1:18 pm	Delivered	HUNTINGTON, NY 11743
Your item was delivered at 1:18 pm on January 14, 2016 in HUNTINGTON, NY 11743.		
January 14, 2016, 8:46 am	Out for Delivery	HUNTINGTON, NY 11743
January 14, 2016, 8:36 am	Sorting Complete	HUNTINGTON, NY 11743
January 14, 2016, 3:35 am	Arrived at Unit	HUNTINGTON, NY 11743
January 13, 2016, 7:47 pm	Departed USPS Facility	MID ISLAND, NY
January 13, 2016, 9:53 am	Arrived at USPS Facility	MID ISLAND, NY
January 12, 2016, 11:42 pm	Arrived at USPS Origin Facility	ALBANY, NY 12288
January 12, 2016, 5:16 pm	Departed Post Office	BEACON, NY 12508
January 12, 2016, 3:12 pm	Acceptance	BEACON, NY 12508

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1/23/2016

USPS.com® - USPS Tracking®

Tracking (or receipt) number

70142120000100326100

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Track all your packages from a dashboard. No tracking numbers necessary.



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1/28/2016

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Tracking Number: 70142120000199325211

On Time
Expected Delivery Day: Thursday, January 14, 2016

Product & Tracking Information

Postal Product:
First-Class Mail®

Features:
Certified Mail™

Return Receipt

Available Actions

Text Updates

Email Updates

Confirmation

70142120000199325211

Your request for all activity to-date will be processed within four hours. Any future activity will be processed whenever there is new delivery related event activity.

Your confirmation will be sent to the following:
NikkiGelly@gmail.com

DATE & TIME	STATUS OF ITEM	LOCATION
January 14, 2016, 1:18 pm	Delivered	HUNTINGTON, NY 11743
Your item was delivered at 1:18 pm on January 14, 2016 in HUNTINGTON, NY 11743.		
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January 14, 2016, 8:36 am	Sorting Complete	HUNTINGTON, NY 11743
January 14, 2016, 3:35 am	Arrived at Unit	HUNTINGTON, NY 11743
January 13, 2016, 7:47 pm	Departed USPS Facility	MID ISLAND, NY
January 13, 2016, 9:53 am	Arrived at USPS Facility	MID ISLAND, NY
January 12, 2016, 11:42 pm	Arrived at USPS Origin Facility	ALBANY, NY 12288
January 12, 2016, 5:16 pm	Departed Post Office	BEACON, NY 12508
January 12, 2016, 3:13 pm	Acceptance	BEACON, NY 12508

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Exhibit C

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF DUTCHES

WELLS FARGO BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,
AS TRUSTEE FOR CARRINGTON MORTGAGE
LOAN TRUST, SERIES 2007-FRE1, ASSET-BACKED
PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES,

Plaintiff,

— against —

NICOLE JOHNSON, PETER JOHNSON,
MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION
SYSTEMS, INC. SOLELY AS NOMINEE FOR
FREMONT INVESTMENT AND LOAN,

and JOHN DOE AND JANE DOE #1 through #7,
the last seven (7) names being fictitious and
unknow to the plaintiff, the persons or parties
intended being the tenants, occupants, persons
or parties, if any, having or claiming an interest
in or lien upon the mortgaged premises described
in the Verified Complaint,

NOTICE OF MOTION

INDEX # 3344/13

Defendants.

MOTION: Stiene & Associates, P.C.
Attorneys for Plaintiff

DATE, TIME & PLACE
OF HEARING

April 14, 2010 at 9:30 am
10 Market Street
Poughkeepsie, NY 12601

SUPPORTING PAPERS:

Affirmation of Ronni Ginsberg, Esq. and all pleadings and
exhibits herein.

RELIEF REQUESTED:

Confirming the report of Todd W. Carpenter, Esq., granting
the plaintiff judgment of foreclosure and sale; and for such
other and further relief as this court may deem just and